CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE.

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DAILY TRIBUNE.

Monday Morning ... March 15, 1858.

Senator Hammond's Speech.

Sometimes the most effective way of refuting the nonsense of an opponent presented in form of an argument, is, where the judges are intelligent, to present in his own language, what he says, without note or comment. We choose to adopt that method with that portion of Senator Hammond's speech which we copy to-day. We leave to our readers the duty of furnishing such comments as the effort demands.

Cook's Return.

He has got back with his commission in his breeches pocket. We understand that he brings intelligence like this direct from the seat of war:

1. Owen McCarthy, on a survey of the ground after his arrival in Washington, abated his demands, and instead of asking for the Collectorship of the Port, contented himself by applying for a Route-Agency—Paul Dennis' place. This he is likely to get. Owen is a rare example of modesty.

2. The fight between Nye and Davidson is not ended. Davidson has not yet been removed; and it is not now decided that he will be.

3. Phil. Conley is an applicant for Gen. Fry's place in the Custom House. The scales have fallen from Phil's eyes also; and he sees a thousand virtues in Lecompton that no man ever saw before. But his conversion was too sudden to be sincere, the Cabinet thinks, and he is doomed to wait. In the meantime, Fry stands securely in his boots. The Secretary of the Treasury says that Fry is the best officer ever in the post that he fills; and he is unwilling to have him removed. An effort will be made to convert him to the faith, and if that fails, to keep him silent.

4. Henry S. Fitch, of this city, a young attorney of fine ability—son of Senator Fitch, of Indiana—is to take Harrington's place. This is understood to be a forgone conclusion. Harrington will soon get marching orders.

What else Ike has in his budget, we have not learned; but no doubt it is well filled. He took that three gallon jug of brandy to Washington—the jug labelled thus: "*To be drunk the Day [illegible] elected President*"—and after he was confirmed by the Senate, it was broached in the White House, and its contents and a dish of politics discussed at the same time. Buck is understood to have partaken very freely, and his every drink was accompanied by an unusually sagacious nod, and a further upward [illegible] of that recreant eye. In the hilarity of the occasion, Ike must have picked up many jolly things that outsiders would be glad to know. He may use our columns in making his report.

A New Douglas Organ.

A new Democratic paper has made its appearance in Milwaukee, by the name of the *Times*. It espouses the Anti-Lecompton or Douglas side of politics. The *News*, under the magnetism of Post Office patronage, sustains the Lecompton swindle, after having at first opposed it. The *Times* is a fine looking paper, and certainly deserves the support of every respectable Democrat in Milwaukee, in preference to the corrupt and truculent *News*. A large segment of the Wisconsin Democracy utterly repudiate the Administration and its platform, and hereafter will be found on the side of the Republicans, doing good service for free principles.

War Declared.

The following article, translated from the *National Demokrat*, Mr. BUCHANAN'S German organ in this city, is proof conclusive that the war between the friends respectively of DOUGLAS and BUCHANAN, has begun in earnest. It is understood that Col. MICHAEL DIVERSEY is the leader in the literary work that is to be done in Mr. BUCHANAN'S behalf. The Col. is rich, and as zealous as he is [illegible]. He has already sunk $22,000 in the *Demokrat*, and is preparing to sink twice that amount—as he [illegible] will in the *National Union*. But he has a purse that can bear the drain; he is laboring for fame, not for the spoils of office, and will continue to pay all drafts that the Great, National Buchanan-Lecompton, Pro-Slavery Union party may make upon him. The *Demokrat*, from the office of which the *National Union* is to be issued, was started partly by the money of Senator DOUGLAS. It has cost him, first and last, about six thousand dollars. For this he had Col. DIVERSEY'S bond; and now the guns which he mounted to annihilate the Black Republicans, are wheeled for his own destruction. Hear the first report!

The "National Union."

[Translated from the National Demokrat German.]

Tuesday morning there will be issued from this office an English paper, the "*National Union*." When we five months ago, discontinued our English edition of the "*National Demokrat*," we promised our readers that after a brief period we would resume again. We call this new paper the "*National Union*," in order to avoid mistakes in regard to the *National Demokrat*. We know no finer and better name than this, and trust our German Democrats will be satisfied with it.

It is unnecessary to undertake to prove to our German citizens how much an English Democratic paper, coming from Germans and representing German interests, is wanted here in Chicago. Everybody knows that the "Chicago Times" has indeed represented the Irish and American factions, but never the Germans [illegible].

During the eight months which we have spent here we have been more than a dozen times compelled to oppose the intrigues and political tricks of this quasi Democratic paper. Last year, in the Spring, it induced us to recommend to our countrymen as a candidate for Mayor, Mr. GURNEE, who is universally respected. We did so the more readily because we knew that he would certainly be elected. Two days before election, it suddenly withdrew the name of that gentleman, without even giving us the least notice of it before it, saying that he did not desire to be a candidate. We were, therefore, compelled to call a mass meeting in South Market Hall, so as to get at least a candidate whom we could recommend to our countrymen. In the April [illegible] ... [illegible] the Germans from the Democratic party. Last Summer the English edition of our paper appeared, and, though it was received by all the Democratic papers in the State with the [illegible], the Know Nothing sheet, from [illegible] did not think it incumbent to show us the most common courtesy. It worked against us secretly and openly. In the Fall, our [illegible] this "self government" [illegible] which was called independent ticket, [illegible] in connection with some who [illegible] in his office. He [illegible] our countrymen, as well as [illegible] enough to obey his behests. [illegible] We called another mass meeting and made a purely Democratic ticket, [illegible] for the second time, [illegible] the *National Demokrat* [illegible]. During the last campaign [illegible] to bring about a union, but [illegible] blooded [illegible] assurance, [illegible] thought they could get along [illegible] will not [illegible] for them to [illegible]. They in [illegible] they employed weapons [illegible] even our political opponents [illegible] things [illegible]. We are too proud [illegible]. As long as the *Times* shall [illegible], we will have no Democratic party [illegible]. Whatever we may build up it always [illegible] by its disregard of the Germans. [illegible] taken upon us the difficult [illegible] English paper in connection [illegible]. It will be as large as [illegible] in this city, and will contain the [illegible] reports—in brief, all that a [illegible]. It will appear daily and [illegible].

We now ask our countrymen whether they will support us in our undertaking or not. They all [illegible] for them to have such a [illegible]. *The National Union*, [illegible] *Demokrat*, will know how to [illegible] the confidence of their countrymen.

We await the reply of the *Times* to this [illegible].

Minnesota.

The bill authorizing the loan of the credit of the State to the amount of $5,000,000, has [illegible], and if the State had a Government and was admitted into the Union, would [illegible]

Cuba and the Administration.

Our Washington correspondent this morning affords an insight into a portion of the President's Cuban policy. He is well informed and reliable. Read his comments.

New York Town Elections.

These elections have resulted in great gains to the Republican party. Thirty-nine counties have been heard from, which elect 434 Republican, 71 American and 221 Democratic Supervisors. This is a forcible comment on Mr. Buchanan's Lecompton policy.

A Rumor.

It is rumored that one of the most prominent and influential friends Judge DOUGLAS had in this city, has consented to act as chairman of the Buchanan Mass Meeting that is soon to be held in North Market Hall. The public generally suppose him to be a fast and firm adherent of the Little Giant still. We withhold the name until we are satisfied of the truth of the report, which we can hardly credit. We are assured by "knowing ones," that the list of names already appended to the Buchanan call, embrace a startling number of "Douglas Democrats." The Buchanan leaders feel sanguine that they can swing almost the whole party into the support of the Lecompton swindle.

Investigation in the Third Ward.

It is said that frauds enough have already been discovered in the Third Ward to neutralize five fold the 24 majority claimed for LEVI J. NORTH. No doubt seems to exist that FARWELL had a majority of the legal votes cast. There are hundreds of names on the poll books, the owners of whom can nowhere be found in the Ward, after the most careful search. Men voted for NORTH under assumed names by the score; others voted for him who were not citizens of Chicago. Cheating of every description was practiced to ensure his election.

The Committee of Investigation are probing the frauds to the bottom. It is said that if the poll lists in the Second and Fourth Wards were also purged, that Anton Berg would be found not elected, and that Myers, of the Fourth Ward, would also be left out. The tax-eaters cheated most villainously. They were bound to make a sure thing of the result in the city, and went their length accordingly, knowing that if their party succeeded, their fraudulent votes would never be discovered.

☞ A report is going around that Dr. MCVICKER will shortly be decapitated, and Dr. JOHN L. PAGE, Lecompton Democrat, appointed Surgeon to the Marine Hospital in his stead. McVicker's friends charge that JOHN WENTWORTH is mainly instrumental in putting a flea in old Buck's ear in regard to Mac. It is notorious that the warmest affection and esteem for each other exist between Long John and the Doctor; and that the former would only be too happy to serve his friend—if occasion offered.

CITY ITEMS.

PERSONAL.—Hon. Robert S. Wilson, Judge of the Recorder's Court, returned home yesterday.

COMMON COUNCIL.—The last regular meeting of the present Council will be held this evening. On Wednesday the members of the new Council will be sworn into office.

THE GAME LAW.—A number of prosecutions have been commenced against persons for violation of the game law, and energetic measures are being taken to punish every offender.

CHARITY BALL.—Those who have not purchased tickets for the grand Charity Ball of the Sons of Malta, this evening, at McVicker's Theatre, should do so to-day. The ball will be the largest and most brilliant ever given in our city.

COOK COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT.—This Court will continue its session during the present vacation Term in the Hall of the Mechanic's Institute, in the basement of the First Presbyterian Church, opposite the Court House.

A CARD.—The members of Brahmin Lodge No. 1, I. O. S. M. return thanks to Messrs. B. M. & O. S. Hough for their very liberal donation of a quantity of provisions for distribution among the poor of this city. By order of the G. C.

BRYANT & STRATTON'S FREE LECTURES.—By special request of the students and others, J. B. Merwin, Esq., will repeat his lecture on "Elements of Power," at College Hall, No. 48 Clark street, this evening.

PERSONAL.—We notice amongst the numerous arrivals at the Tremont the names of Hon. H. W. Cushman, of Mass.; Hon. Stephen Clark, of N. Y.; Hon. W. A. Richardson, Governor of Nebraska; Ex-Governor Barstow, of Wisconsin; Jno. G. Saxe, and Col. Finnell, of Ky.

SPRING.—The warm weather of the past two days has melted the snow and Spring seems fast approaching. Yesterday we saw a number of robins, harbingers of pleasant days to come. The advent of these little warblers will be hailed with joy by every one.

RETURNED FROM WASHINGTON.—On Saturday afternoon ISAAC COOK, Esq., postmaster, WILLIAM PRICE, Esq., ex-postmaster, and other democratic celebrities, returned from Washington. We are not informed upon what day Mr. COOK intends to take possession of his office.

PERSONAL.—Dr. Orch Smith, M. D., formerly of Montpelier, Vt., and Professor in the Medical department of the University at Burlington, has lately taken up his residence in this city. The Vermont papers congratulate our citizens upon this accession to their numbers and bespeaks for him that success which his ability and talents are bound to command.

THE THIRD WARD RETURNS.—It is reported that the special committee of the Common Council, engaged in investigating the returns from the Third Ward, have discovered frauds which will astound the public. Already, it is said, the names of several persons have been discovered upon the poll books who are not residents of the Ward, and of a large number who do not live in the city at all.

CONFIRMATION OF COOK.—The Washington Correspondence of the New York *Herald* thus reports the proceedings in the Senate relative to the confirmation of Isaac Cook as Post Master of this city:

At three o'clock the Senate went into executive session and took up the case of Mr. Cook, the Chicago Postmaster. The documents called for by Mr. Douglas, and received from the Departments, did not substantiate one of the charges preferred by Douglas. He had staked his reputation to the Senate that he could prove the charges he had made; but he failed in every point. After consuming about two hours in trying to make out a case, a vote was taken, and Mr. Cook was confirmed by a vote of twenty-five to eighteen. Never was a Senator so worsted.

COMMON PLEAS COURT.—The jury in the case of the People versus Sylvester Webber, indicted upon a charge of man-slaughter, rendered a verdict of not guilty after being out only a few minutes. The defendant was an engineer, driving an engine on the Galena and Chicago railroad, which, some time last fall, at Oak Ridge station, in this county, ran over and killed a man named McLaughlin. It was alleged in the indictment that the defendant did not ring the bell as required by law, while passing the station, but the testimony was conclusive that he did, and the case was submitted without an argument. Carlos Haven, Esq., State's Attorney, for the people, and E. Peck, Esq. and C. F. Peck, Esq. for the defendant.

Before the same court in the grand jury room, Van H. Higgins, Esq., presiding, the case of the People vs. Russel A. Eddy, *et al.*, is on trial. The indictment charges the defendants with a conspiracy to obtain a number of cattle from a Mr. Hammer, a drover, by fraud. The cattle were purchased by Eddy for about $2,000 in money and a piece of land in Lake County, Indiana. It is alleged that the land is not such as it was stated to be and is nearly worthless. Hence the prosecution. The case is not concluded.

SUICIDE.—On Saturday, Coroner Hansen was called to hold an inquest upon the body of a woman named Mary Jane Stanley, at No. 220 Kinzie street, who committed suicide by taking poison. According to the evidence before the jury, the poison was procured for killing rats. The woman returned home on Friday evening, partially intoxicated, mixed the poison in a cup of coffee and drank it. The woman was about twenty-one years old, and a native of Ogdensburgh, N. Y. She came to this city about three months since, and has been living as a paramour with one John Davis, who came here with her. The pair were living in a small room, in the upper story of a house, in the most squalid poverty, surrounded by filth and stench. The jury returned a verdict that the deceased came to her death from poison administered by her own hand.

YOUNG MEN'S ASSOCIATION—REGULAR NOMINATIONS.—The meeting of the Young Men's Association Saturday evening was a large and splendid one. A greater number of old members were present than we have seen together at any previous meeting. Every one appeared to manifest an interest in the welfare of the society, which was never in a more flourishing condition as at the present time.

The following are the nominations made for officers for the ensuing year:

For President—Henry Howland.
First Vice President—Stephen R. Williams.
Second Vice President—Philip Wadsworth.
Corresponding Secretary—James Grant Wilson.
Recording Secretary—C. G. Cooley.
Treasurer—W. F. Merriman.
Managers—Henry W. Bishop, Jr., Wm. Backus, N. S. Bouton, David A. Gage, Perkins Bass, G. M. How, John R. White.

POLICE COURT.—The case of Francis D. Murray, bar tender of a saloon on Clark street, in the neighborhood of Van Buren street, was brought up, and sufficient evidence adduced to lead to a remand for a week, that some further effort may be made to put his confederate on the stand with him.

John Workman was fined $25 for selling liquor without license.

Dennis Kennedy was fined $10 for peddling without a license.

Mary Taylor, Ann Brown, Becky Rhodes and Jas. Riley were brought up for being inmates of a house of ill-fame. They gave special bail.

For being drunk and disorderly, C. Trawley was fined $3; Mary Johnson and James P. Barnett $10 each.

EDITORS TRIBUNE.—I see that my friend J. H. still lives, but from present indications I surmise he will soon depart from the presence of the public. He seems to be flattering himself that he has annihilated me with his profound logic. He says when I or any of my Irish friends deny his facts or controvert his arguments, he will refute them. Now as for my Irish friends, I will guarantee he shall not be disturbed by their mellifluous accent and as for his facts, they sum up as follows: His ideas of Greenebaum's connection with Engine Co. No. 6 are very limited. He acknowledges he knows nothing of what promises Greenebaum might have made to them, but would infer that he made some; but now listen. He knows one Republican who voted a Republican ticket with Greenebaum's name upon it. Phew! What startling disclosures he makes. But mark still further. He says I gave as my reasons for so doing my being placed under certain obligations, or under a certain agreement, so to do by my or his connection with No. 6. This is one of his astounding *facts*. Now I never said any such thing to him or any one else, but I did tell the said J. H. that I voted for Greenebaum because he was a member of said Company, and that I pledged myself to vote for him. Now mark that I was placed under no agreement to Greenebaum nor to the said Company, neither was I placed under agreement to any living person or persons so to do, but simply voted for him because he was a member of said Company, and because I had pledged myself in my own mind so to do. Can I make it more plain? Now I sincerely hope J. H. will not again fall into the error, but will see the error of his ways. As for the members of No. 6, I have seen and conversed with nearly all of them, and have been assured by them that they were under no agreement whatever to vote one way or another, and I wish it distinctly understood by all parties concerned that I have nothing to say only in vindication of myself, No. 6, and the truth, and the gentleman will much oblige me if he is not quite so economical of the latter virtue; and as for his arguments, I think he will some day argue the public into the belief that a horse chestnut is a chestnut horse. If such should be the case, you can set me down for one tremendous horse-laugh.

THOS. J. EVANS.

SALE OF PEWS.—The pews of the Third Presbyterian Church, corner of Washington and Carpenter streets, will be sold this morning at 9 o'clock.

OSBAND & CAHART, Tremont House, have received the New York papers of Friday.

BRYANT AND STRATTON'S FREE LECTURES.—By special request of the students of the College and others, J. B. Merwin, Esq., will repeat his lecture on "Elements of Power," this evening.

NOTICE.—Pursuant to adjournment, the next regular meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association of Trinity Parish, will be held this (Monday) evening, at the rooms of C. H. Brigham, Esq., No. 92 Lake street, up stairs, at half-past seven o'clock. A full attendance is earnestly requested.
March 15, 1858.

HIBERNIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.—An adjourned meeting of the Hibernian Benevolent Society will be held this (Monday) evening, March 15th, at seven o'clock, at the Democratic Association Hall, corner of Randolph and State streets. A full attendance is requested, as business of importance will come before the meeting. Per order of

D. WALSH, President.
M. D. MURPHY, Secretary.

NOTICE.—The undersigned committee earnestly request that persons owning property in the following sections, Nos. 4, 10, 15, 22, 23, 26, Township 38, range 14, and section No. 33, Township No. 39, range No. 14 east, Third P. M., will meet at the office of G. W. Yerby, 82 Dearborn street, on Monday, the 15th inst., at 2½ o'clock, P. M., to take into consideration the propriety of giving the right of way through their respective pieces of land to the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad. This road will, in all probability, be completed by the 1st of June next. The Railroad Company propose to run their accommodation trains three times each way every day, from the depot in this city to the centre of sections Nos. 15, 22 and 14, and sell tickets for one person for one year, for the small sum of $[illegible], and quarterly tickets for $6, which is a little over three cents per ride, at $20 per annum, and a fraction over 4 cents per ride at $6, per quarter.

A full attendance is earnestly requested.

WM. B. EGAN,
J. J. NICHOLS, } Com.
G. W. YERBY.

Announcements.

BY THE REQUEST OF MANY FRIENDS, DANIEL G. COOK will be a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace for the Town of North Chicago, at the ensuing spring election. mh15-3t*

DR. JOSEPH WILLARD, BY THE ADVICE of many friends, presents himself as a candidate for Justice of the Peace for North Chicago, subject to the decision of a Republican Convention. mh13-td*

COLLECTOR OF WEST CHICAGO.—JOHN C. CULVER announces himself as candidate for the office of Collector of West Chicago, subject to the approval of the Republican Convention. mh13-td*

CONSTABLE TOWN SOUTH CHICAGO.—C. T. ROGERS is a candidate for the above office at the April election. mh11-2w

APRIL ELECTION.—J. A. HOISINGTON is a candidate for re-election to the office of Justice of the Peace for the town of South Chicago, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. mh11-1w*

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE SOUTH CHICAGO.—E. H. AIKEN is a candidate for Justice of the Peace in the Town of South Chicago, at the April election, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. mh12-1w*

TOWN COLLECTOR NORTH CHICAGO. At the solicitation of many friends, C. J. W[illegible] announces himself a candidate for Town Collector of North Chicago. mh13-1w*

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—THE UNDERSIGNED is a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace for the Town of North Chicago, at the election to be held in April next.
mh12-1w* ALBERT SANDERSON.

AMER. ISINGLASS, BY THE BBL., AT SAWYER, PAIGE & CO.'S, 16 (Marble Block) Lake st.

5 TONS TERRA JAPONICA FOR SALE by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., 16 (Marble Block) Lake st.

HOPS! HOPS!!—300 BALES PRIME EASTERN HOPS. For sale cheap by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., Wholesale Druggists, 16 Lake street.

50 BBLS. BURNING FLUID FOR SALE by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., No. 16 (Marble Block) Lake street.

IRISH MOSS, BY THE BBL., AT SAWYER, PAIGE & CO.'S, 16 (Marble Block) Lake st.

BREWERS' THERMOMETERS FOR SALE by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., 16 (Marble Block) Lake st.

COMMERCIAL.

CHICAGO WHOLESALE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE, Saturday Evening, March 13, 1858.

[illegible]

FLOUR—[illegible]

WHEAT—[illegible]

CORN—[illegible]

OATS—[illegible]

RYE—[illegible]

HIGHWINES—[illegible]

HIDES—[illegible]

PROVISIONS—[illegible] Pork [illegible] $11, payable in New York funds, equal to $11.20 ℔ bbl. [illegible]

SEEDS—Inactive. Timothy $1.12@1.25. Clover [illegible]

SUNDRIES—[illegible]

Exchange Quotations.

BANKING HOUSE OF R. K. SWIFT & TUTTLE, No. 74 Dearborn Street, Chicago, March 13, 1858.

[illegible]

Uncurrent money is taken as the standard, at par value.

[illegible] No. 74 Dearborn street, [illegible] Post Office, quote Land Warrants as follows, viz:

[illegible]

New York Market—March 13.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

FLOUR—[illegible]

CANADIAN FLOUR—[illegible]

RYE FLOUR—[illegible]

BARLEY—Dull and lower. Sales 3,500 bus very handsome [illegible]

CORN—[illegible]

OATS—[illegible]

WHISKEY—Dull and heavy at [illegible]

PORK—[illegible]

BEEF—[illegible]

DRESSED HOGS—Firm at [illegible]

CUT MEATS—[illegible]

BACON—[illegible]

LARD—[illegible]

BUTTER—In brisk demand at [illegible] for Ohio; [illegible]

CHEESE—Steady, at [illegible]

New York Stock Market—March 13.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

Stocks—Closed firm, with an advance of the leading speculative shares. At the second board:

Mo's	[illegible]	Reading	[illegible]
Lacrosse land grants	[illegible]	Hudson	[illegible]
N Y C	[illegible]	M S	[illegible]
Erie	[illegible]	C & T	[illegible]
G & C	[illegible]	T H & A M Bonds	[illegible]
C & R I	[illegible]	D & H Canal	[illegible]

BY TELEGRAPH.

XXXVth Congress—First Session.

SENATE—MARCH 12.

Mr. Hunter continued his remarks at great length, concluding as follows: "If the Senator from New York will lend me his Tripod, I will undertake the prophecy that this Union will be preserved, that respect will still follow the judicial ermine, and that all shall, in some future day, cultivate a spirit of conciliation and harmony, without which, the spirit of liberty will be lost. To realize these things the American people must cast from their councils the Senator from New York. They must beware of the asp that lurks under the flower of his rhetoric—one drop of that venom may bring a lethargy on the brain and disturb the balance of the empire."

Mr. Kennedy, of Md., defined his position.—He should vote for the admission of Kansas under the Lecompton Constitution, because he believed before God, he was acting rightly.—He must vote with one party or the other. He could not vote with the opposition on national questions, because that party was sectional.—He expressed a regret at the coupling of Minnesota with Kansas—referring to a clause in the Constitution of the former, which he considered odious, dangerous and foreign. He here read the clause, defining the classes who may exercise the elective franchise, including foreigners and Indian half breeds. Squatter sovereignty and alien suffrage, he said, were two principles he abhorred.

Mr. Wade, of Ohio, got the floor.

Adjourned.

SENATE—MARCH 13.

Mr. Wade spoke on the Kansas question, denying the charges of aggression from the North, and contending that the aggressions were all the other way. He, in this connection, charged that the seizure of Texas and her admission into the Union in violation of the Constitution of the United States, was an enormous aggression upon the rights of the North. She was admitted with the purpose of making slave States, with ten additional Senators to vote down the rights of the North. The Fugitive Slave bill was another monstrous aggression upon the rights, honor and pride of the North. It is a badge of servitude and subjection that cannot be tolerated by freemen. The next aggression was the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, for which there was no excuse or palliation. There used to be, he said, something called Southern honor, but it was not exhibited on this occasion.

After replying at length to Mr. Hammond and controverting his charges of Northern aggressions, Mr. Wade asked how was it possible that such aggressions should take place where the whole Government for sixty years has been prostrate at the feet of the South.

Mr. Wade next entered into an elaborate defense of the laborers of the North from the aspersions of Mr. Hammond and others, pointing to their achievements in the Patent Office and elsewhere, as evidence of their civilization and genius. It was not, he said, on the prostrate necks of such a class that the Senator from South Carolina should erect his system of society. He might as well attempt to make his bed in hell, or erect an edifice over a volcano—nor was it necessary for the South to send its threatening missionaries to the North to teach such laborers their powers. Their interest in the State and all that concerns good government, is the same as that of any others. As to the degraded class alluded to by the Senator, he admitted their existence, but he contended that they were mostly foreigners, the sweepings of the old world and vicious; but nevertheless good Democrats and the principal supporters of slavery in the North. Slaves in their own country they naturally attach themselves to slaveholders in this. Mr. Wade next passed to the Supreme Court, commenting on its Dred Scott decision and asserting that its dicta can bind no one except the suitors in its own Court.

In regard to Mr. Hammond's boast, that slave holders had ruled the nation for sixty years, he (Wade) admitted its truth, but contended it was only through the aid of that sect of most despicable men, the Northern doughfaces, a type of men not new to the world, for Moses encountered them in the wilderness, where, turning from the visible glories of the Almighty, they fell prostrate to worship an Egyptian calf. These men hungered after the flesh pots of Egypt. They were not Northern men with Southern principles, but Israelites with Egyptian principles. Our Saviour next met with a man of this class in Judas Iscariot, and Washington and his associates encountered them frequently.

Mr. Wade then turned to Kansas, and in the course of his remarks he alluded to the bill of Mr. Toombs, saying that he had a curious history about it. A clause, he said, was originally attached to the bill, providing for the submission of the constitution to the people of Kansas, but when afterwards it was digested by the Committee on Territories, at the house of their chief, it was stricken out.

A Senator—For particular reasons.

Mr. Wade—For very particular reasons.

Messrs. Stuart, Green and others here arose, when Mr. Wade, correcting himself, said he had just been informed that it might not have been digested by the Committee on Territories, but by other agents.

Several Senators here stated their impressions as to the existence or non-existence of such a clause. The original bill, most of them believed, did not contain such a clause.

Mr. Mason here interposed a statement of the facts. Mr. Douglas as chairman of the Committee on Territories, reported the bill since called the enabling act. It contained a clause for the submission of the constitution to the people. The Senator from Georgia, two months afterwards, introduced a bill of like character, containing no such clause. Both bills were sent back to the Committee on Territories. The chairman subsequently reported the bill which afterwards passed the Senate.

Mr. Bigler here rose considerably excited, and amid some confusion occasioned by Senators requesting Mr. Wade to go on, said that he regretted that a personal defence of himself had again been forced upon him. What he stated, when this question came up some weeks ago, he now re-asserted. (See proceedings of Dec. 9th.) He did not say that the destined proposition of submission of the constitution to the people was discussed, but did say on the occasion referred to that the impression was conveyed to his mind that the intention of the Toombs bill was to bring Kansas into the Union by one popular vote, that one being the vote for delegates for a convention. Mr. B. again referred to his integrity, saying that he represented a proud and noble people. He reiterated the statement that the impression left on his mind was clear that Kansas was to be brought in with one vote, and that the constitution was not to be submitted to the people.

Mr. Wilson asked the Senator if he did not make a speech in Kansas last summer, advocating the submission of the Constitution to the people.

Mr. Bigler—That is pleasant. I have not been in the habit of making speeches on Kansas. Once I did address the people in Kansas, when I said the Constitution should be submitted to a vote, but had no question in view except that of slavery.

Mr. Broderick moved that Mr. Douglas be sent for, and the Senate adjourn the further consideration of the subject until Monday. He remembered very well the circumstances when this matter came up before.

The Senator from Pennsylvania then said he did not have a very distinct recollection of it, but he thought that such a discussion alluded to had taken place, when the Senator from Illinois distinctly denied it.

Mr. Bigler—He did not.

Mr. Broderick—My impression, sir.

Mr. Bigler—Your impressions are wrong, Sir; he was careful and guarded in the statements he made. The Senator from California seeks to place this matter in a false view before the Senate.

Mr. Broderick—My memory must be very treacherous, or the Senator from Penn. is correct. [illegible] and when the Senator from Ill. is in his place, we shall know whether the Senator from Penn. is correct or not. My impression is that he will deny it. He thought, from the tremor the Senator exhibited when he rose, he was about to take back all that he had said.

Mr. Pugh thought he could relieve the Senator from Penn. from some of his embarrassments, by stating that when the matter first came up, he, as the friend of both the gentlemen from Penn. and Ill., brought them together, when his impression was that Mr. Bigler was correct, and that the conversation alluded to transpired in another part of the room, where the Senator from Ill. did not hear it.

Mr. Bigler—What the Senator from Ohio says is perfectly correct.

It may be remembered that he (Bigler) distinctly stated on a former occasion that he did not know whether the Senator from Illinois participated in the discussion with the rest; it did not become the Senator from California to describe the manner, referring to his (Mr. Bigler's) tremor, in which he made the explanation. Mr. Broderick owed it to the Senate and to the Senator from Illinois, to state that some days since, when it was understood that the Senator from New Hampshire intended to allude to this matter, the Senator of Illinois intimated he would denounce the statement on this floor as a falsehood, if the Senator did not qualify it.

Mr. Bigler—Nothing of the kind is on record. The Senator from Illinois said no such thing.

Mr. Broderick—So this is a question of veracity?

[The Vice President reminded the Senators to keep within the legitimate limits of debate.]

Mr. Bigler—The Senator from Illinois never said any such thing. He is not a man who would do so. Denounce what, sir, as a falsehood? The impression on my mind is, that Kansas was to be admitted without a popular vote.

Mr. Broderick—The Senator from Illinois is sick in bed; if ever he takes his seat again, the Senator (Bigler) will be replied to.

Mr. Broderick then moved to take up the private bills, but a motion prevailed to adjourn till Monday.

Important from Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The statement that Mr. Harris, of Illinois, intended to submit to the House to-day in behalf of the anti-Lecompton members of the Kansas Committee, embraces a complete record of its minutes and its proceedings, with the exception of the call upon Mr. Calhoun, proposed by one of the minority, and an inquiry as to the apportionment of the delegates. The majority have resisted successfully every effort at inquiry by either of the minority, while they themselves elicited nothing relative to the matter of inquiry not already before the country.

There had been ample time to procure all the information that was needed by the House, had the proper steps been taken; there are scores of permanent citizens of Kansas of all parties now here who could have given the most weighty evidence touching all the points of inquiry embraced in the resolution, particularly in relation to the most monstrous frauds perpetrated at the election on the 21st of December last.

The minority think there is no excuse for neglecting to use the means within the reach of the Committee.

The steamer Gov. Pearce, with 1,400 bales of cotton, was burned in Trinity River, Texas, on the 28th ult. 600 bales of cotton was insured. No lives lost.

There was a fire at Liberty on the same day, and property to the amount of about $10,000 was destroyed.

The Sumner Court-martial.

CARLISLE, Pa., March 13.—The proceedings in the Sumner Court-martial were brought to a conclusion to-day by the examination of John Harris, of the marine corps, for the defence. Col Sumner put in a long paper in defence, denying his amenability to the charges preferred against him, and setting forth the grounds of such denial in full. The Court spent a very short time in secret deliberation—the result of which cannot be known until it shall have been promulgated at Washington. The Judge Advocate proceeds immediately to Washington with the papers.

From Havana.

SAVANNAH, March 12.—The steamship Isabel, from Havana, via Key West, on the 10th inst., touched off Tybee yesterday, on her way from Charleston.

There is no political news of interest from Havana.

Sugars had advanced ¼ a ½ real—the market closing firm. Exchange on London, 60 days, 12 per cent. premium; on New York, ½ per cent. discount.

Four ships cleared for Liverpool to-day with 11,000 bales of cotton.

To-Day's Advertisem'ts.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—W. W. SNOWDON is a candidate for Justice of the Peace for North Chicago, at the ensuing April election. mh15-1w*

LOST—A GOLD BRACELET, WITH A [illegible] on Friday night, between Lasalle and Wells streets, [illegible] north side of Randolph. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning the same to [illegible], 10 Wells street. mh15-1t

LOST—ON THURSDAY, A LADIES' [illegible] on Wells street, near the Briggs House. The finder will receive a suitable reward by leaving the same at the Tribune office. mh15-1t

DOG LOST—$5 REWARD—A SETTER SLUT, with white and yellow spots [illegible]. The above reward will be paid for her return [illegible] mh15-[illegible] S. McFADDEN.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER, by an American woman. Address "C. W.," Chicago P. O. mh15-3t*

DAY BOARDING—30 GENTLEMEN CAN be accommodated with day board at Vinson's New [illegible] street, opposite the Briggs House. mh15-1w*

FOR SALE—THE BUILDING (AND LOT on which it stands) known as [illegible] Iowa. [illegible] Address "P. O. Box [illegible]" mh15-[illegible] A. P. FOX, Trustee.

FOR SALE—SOME FIRST CLASS [illegible] mh15-1w[illegible] 82 Dearborn street, Chicago.

NOTICE—DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of [illegible] is this day dissolved by mutual consent. [illegible] T. W. [illegible] mh15-1w THOMAS RICE.

COPARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day [illegible] copartnership for the purpose of conducting a general Upholstery, Curtain and [illegible] business, at No. 58 Clark street, opposite the Court House. mh15-3w[illegible] JOS. G. BURT.

DISSOLUTION.—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name and firm of Anabel & A. Fredin, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. A. Fredin will continue the business at the old stand. Chicago, January 14th, 1858. A. ANABEL. mh15-1w[illegible] A. FREDIN.

LAST WEEK THE CIRCULATION OF the Chicago Commercial Express was 3,500, [illegible] circulation out of the city is now rapidly increasing. Advertisements received as late as Wednesday. [illegible] F. L. & J. H. WELLS. mh15-1t* [illegible] Lake street.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

THE A NO. 1 FIRST CLASS NEW CANADIAN [illegible] Barque E. H. RAE, Capt. Bowman, [illegible] will be ready to receive Flour, Grain and other produce, by the 1st of April, and sail immediately on the opening of the Straits, for Liverpool direct. For Freight or Passage apply to [illegible] ROBERT [illegible], Agent, Corner River & Dearborn sts.

BY GRUBB & GILBERT, 104 LAKE ST.—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—On Tuesday morning, March 16, at 10 o'clock, we will sell at our salesroom, [illegible] Furniture, [illegible] Tables, Chairs, Card and Centre Tables, Marble Top Tables, Hall Stands, Wardrobes.

CHAMBER FURNITURE. Chamber Sets, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Washstands, Tables, Chairs, Gilt and Mahogany Mirrors.

DINING ROOM FURNITURE. 10 and 12 foot Extension Tables, Chairs and Dining Tables, together with a variety of other goods. ☞ Sale without reserve. GRUBB & GILBERT, mh15-2t Auctioneers, 104 Lake street.

BY GRUBB & GILBERT. Monday, April 5, at 10 A. M.

WE WILL SELL AT THE WAREHOUSE of GIBBS, GRIFFIN & Co., the following goods, unless previously called for and charges paid:

[illegible]

mh15-3wmd GRUBB & GILBERT, Auctioneers.

SNELLING & CO.,

WASH MANGLE MANUFACTORY AND LOOKSMITH, corner of Granger and Harbor sts., near Anchor Hotel, [illegible] by hand and by steam. mh15-2t*

Daily Arrivals of Sugars.

WE ARE RECEIVING SUGARS DAILY, which were purchased in New Orleans Before Present Advance in Prices, and will sell them to the trade at low prices. mh15 REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

300 HHDS. N. O. SUGARS JUST RECEIVED. mh15 REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

350 BAGS RIO COFFEE NOW ARRIVING. mh15 REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

GREAT SACRIFICES!
THIRTY DAYS LONGER.
The large stock of
Wilder's Safes yet Unsold,
Will be offered for
THIRTY DAYS AT A LARGE DISCOUNT,
It being necessary to close out present stock.
Old Safes Taken in Exchange.
☞ CALL AND EXAMINE. ☜
S. H. PIERSON & CO.,
mh11-lm[illegible] 13 South Water St.

1858. THE 1858.
NORTHERN
Transportation Company

WILL, DURING THE PRESENT SEASON, run their well known and popular line of first class Steam Propellers and Sailing Vessels regularly between Ogdensburg and Oswego, and the Upper Lakes, forming a daily line between Ogdensburg and Oswego and Chicago, [illegible] Ogdensburg, with the Ogdensburg and Vermont Central Route, between Ogdensburg, Burlington, Concord, Manchester, Lawrence, Nashua, Lowell and Boston, and at Oswego with Hovey & Crawford's new line of [illegible] first class Canal Boats (large size), on the enlarged Canal between Oswego and New York,—thus affording a regular, speedy and cheap route, with but one transhipment between Boston, New England and New York, and the West.

This Company having made the most ample arrangements at Oswego for dock and storage facilities, with abundant accommodations for handling, receiving and shipping Freight, upon the plan practiced at Ogdensburg, can guarantee the safe, prompt and perfect delivery of all goods intrusted to its care.

AGENTS AND CONSIGNEES.
J. Myers, 3 Coenties Slip, New York.
J. L. Warner, "
George Clark, 113 Broad street, New York.
P. C. [illegible]
Hovey & Crawford, Oswego, N. Y.
Chamberlain, Crawford & Co., Cleveland, O.
Otis Kimball, 108 State street, Boston.
Crawford & Co., Ogdensburg, N. Y.
Wm. J. Walker, Toledo, O.
E. E. Mathews, Detroit, Mich.
Barclay & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.
CONSIGNEES.
Locker & Co., Racine. J. F. Kirkland, Sheboygan.

☞ The undersigned are now prepared to make contracts for the above Line, on favorable terms. All damages and arrearages adjusted at this office.
mh11-3m[illegible] FATHER & CO., Corner S. Water & Lasalle sts. Chicago.

A CARD.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE TOWNSEY HOUSE, St. Louis, Mo., [illegible] pleasure in announcing to their friends and the public, that, conforming to the [illegible] and to the diminished cost of living, their price of board hereafter will be Two Dollars per day, instead of $2.50, as heretofore; but, notwithstanding this reduction in price, they will be sustained [illegible] the comfort and convenience of their guests. CALVIN TOWNSEY & CO. mh11-1w[illegible] Townsey House, Fourth street, between Olive and Locust sts.

GLUE BRUSHES FOR SALE BY J. H. REED & CO.

TERRA JAPONICA.—BY THE TON, FOR sale by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., Wholesale Druggists, 16 Lake street.

HOPS! HOPS!!—200 BALES EASTERN HOPS for sale by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., 16 (Marble Block) Lake street.

250 BXS STARCH ON CONSIGNMENT. MARSH, HARWOOD & CO., 33 South Water street.

1000 GALS. LARD OIL ON CONSIGNMENT. MARSH, HARWOOD & CO., 33 South Water street.

HAYDEN, KAY & CO.,
238 Randolph Street, Chicago.
Manufacturers, Importers and Dealers in
Saddlery Hardware,
BENT STOCK,
COACH TRIMMINGS,
Springs, Axles, Varnishes,
Webbings, Horse Collars, &c.
P. WILSON, Cincinnati. P. HAYDEN, New York. WILLIAM V. KAY, Chicago, Ill.

Sales by Auction.

W. A. BUTTERS & CO.,
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS AND Commission Merchants,
[illegible]

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO the sale of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, [illegible] and Real Estate. [illegible]

JOHN MANKIN,
General Auction and Commission Merchant,
IMPORTER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Dealer in Crockery and Glassware, Britannia and Plated Ware, Cutlery, [illegible] Goods, Yankee Notions, Clocks, Watches, Gold Jewelry, &c. 177 RANDOLPH STREET, CHICAGO, ILL. (Third Door East of the Briggs House.) ☞ Particular attention given to Out-door Sales, [illegible]

Warehouse Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 24th, at 9½ o'clock, I will sell at my sale-room, [illegible] the following [illegible] at Messrs. Mather & Co. [illegible] charges paid:

[illegible]

JOHN MANKIN.

GRUBB & GILBERT,
AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS and Real Estate Agents, 104 Lake street, [illegible] for the sale of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, and Merchandise of every description. Will also attend to Buying and Selling Real Estate. [illegible] attention given to out-door sales, [illegible]

J. L. JENKINS ... J. T. PARSONS.

JENKINS & PARSONS,
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION Merchants, No. [illegible] Dearborn street, [illegible] for the sale of Furniture, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Merchandise generally. Strict attention given to the sale of Real Estate, [illegible]

Educational.

BRYANT & STRATTON'S
CHAIN OF
National Mercantile Colleges,
LOCATED AT
Chicago, [illegible]
Cleveland, [illegible]
Buffalo, [illegible]
Albany, N. Y.—[illegible]
Detroit, Mich.—[illegible]

[illegible]

The Faculty of this Institution is composed entirely of [illegible] who have to [illegible] P. R. Spencer, the author of the "Spencerian System of Penmanship," has charge of the Writing Department.

A scholarship issued from the Chicago College will admit in Cleveland, Buffalo and Albany, and vice versa.

Scholarship for full mercantile course, including Penmanship, time unlimited ... $[illegible]

Penmanship alone, 20 lessons, $5. Ten unlimited ... $[illegible]

Rooms open from 8 to 12 A. M., 1½ to 5 P. M., and from 7 to 9 P. M.

Degrees awarded to Graduates. Pupils can enter at any time. For further information please call at College Rooms, or send for circular, [illegible]

BRYANT & STRATTON, Chicago, Albany, Cleveland, Buffalo, or Detroit.

RE-OPENING OF
Mirasole's Dancing Academy.

S. G. MIRASOLE, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and patrons, begs leave to announce that he has reopened his Dancing Academy, at the old location, No. 100, cor. [illegible] Randolph street.

Mr. Mirasole takes pleasure in referring to all his former pupils for the universal satisfaction which he has given during a long residence in this city.

Private Lessons will be given at the residence of the Pupils when desired.

Juvenile Classes will be attended by Madame Mirasole. [illegible]

Piano and String Music furnished for Parties.

☞ For terms, &c., apply at the Academy, from 10 to 1, 3 to 5, and 7 to 10 P. M. Chicago, Oct. 1, 1857.

Statement of the Condition
OF THE
MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF BUFFALO,
ON THE THIRD DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1858,

MADE TO THE AUDITOR OF PUBLIC Accounts of the State of Illinois, pursuant to the Statute of that State entitled "An Act to Regulate the Agencies of Insurance Companies not incorporated by the State of Illinois," Approved February 14th, 1855.

NAME AND LOCATION.
1. The name of this Company is "The Mutual Insurance Company," and is located at Buffalo, in the State of New York.

CAPITAL.

[illegible]

ASSETS.

[illegible]

LIABILITIES.

[illegible]

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, STATE OF ILLINOIS, Springfield, February [illegible], 1858.

Whereas, THE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, located at Buffalo, in the State of New York, has filed in this office, a statement of the condition of the Company, as required by "An act to regulate the Agencies of Insurance Companies not incorporated by the State of Illinois," approved February 14, 1855, [illegible]

[illegible] in the year eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, so far as by [illegible]

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed the seal of my office, at Springfield, this [illegible] day of February, A. D. 1858.

JESSE K. DUBOIS, Auditor P. A.

S. T. ATWATER, Agent,
mh3-1aw[illegible] No. 2 Dole's Building.

DISTINCT VISION.

SPECTACLES, SUITED TO ALL SIGHTS and ages, fitted carefully and with judgment, at
79 South Clark Street,
BY
LOUIS MAUSS, OPTICIAN,
[Late with Benj. Pike & Sons, N. Y.]
Where will be found, also, a large assortment of Opera and Marine Glasses, Telescopes, Microscopes, Magnifiers, Barometers, Thermometers, Hydrometers, Compasses and Mathematical Drawing Instruments, &c.

SPRING STYLE
Gentlemen's Dress Hats,
Just issued at
118 ... Lake Street ... 118
mh5-1w-[illegible] J. A. SMITH & CO.

SWIFT'S CERTIFICATES.

WE ARE EXCHANGING LUMBER FOR Swift's Certificates. mh5-1m[illegible] WILCOX, LYON & CO

WAX CANDLES,
An Article very much Superior to Sperm
J. H. REED & CO.,
[illegible] 144 & 146 Lake street.

50 HHDS. WHITE COFFE SUGAR—[illegible] REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

TEAS—1,500 HF. CHESTS YOUNG HYSON, Imperial, Gunpowder and Black Teas, at great bargains. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

Amusements.

RONZANI'S
National Amphitheatre.

[illegible]

Reduced Prices.

Monday Evening ... March 15, 1858.

Complimentary Benefit to Mrs. R. Carey,
WIDOW OF THE LATE STAGE MANAGER,
On which occasion will be presented the thrilling Drama of
The Forest of Bondy;
OR, THE DOG OF MONTARGIS.
The Celebrated Dogs BRUIN and CATO, will appear.
[illegible]
Grand Pas de Trois,
[illegible]
New Scenes in the Circle.
Grand Pas de Styrienne,
[illegible]

PRICES ADMISSION [illegible]

McVICKER'S
New Chicago Theatre.

[illegible]

Monday Evening ... March 15, 1858.

Grand Charity Ball,
Under the Auspices of the I. O. of Sons of Malta.

Tuesday Evening ... March 16, 1858.

First night of the favorite Tragedian,
MR. JOSEPH PROCTOR
[illegible]
Virginius, the Roman Father.
In Knowles' beautiful Play of the same, [illegible]

[illegible]

The Midnight Watch.

[illegible]

Prices of Admission.

[illegible]

Grand Charity Ball,
UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE
I. O. OF S. M.,
AT McVICKER'S THEATRE,
On Monday Evening, March 15, 1858.
[Proceeds to be devoted to general charity.]

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.
[illegible]

COMMITTEE OF RECEPTION.
[illegible]

[illegible]

Prospectus of the
ELEVENTH VOLUME OF
THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE
For the Year 1858.

THE TRIBUNE AS A NEWSPAPER.
[illegible]

THE TRIBUNE AS A COMMERCIAL PAPER.
[illegible]

POLITICS OF THE TRIBUNE.
[illegible]

POLITICAL ECONOMY OF THE TRIBUNE.
[illegible]

Terms of Weekly Tribune.
[illegible]

Terms of the Tri-Weekly.
[illegible]

Terms of the Daily Tribune.
[illegible]

Address, RAY, MEDILL & CO., Chicago, Illinois.

CHANCERY NOTICE.
STATE OF ILLINOIS—COUNTY OF COOK—ss.
Cook County Court of Common Pleas, April Term, 1858.
Philip Taylor vs. Mary E. Taylor.—In Chancery.

AFFIDAVIT OF THE NON-RESIDENCE of Mary E. Taylor, defendant above named, having been filed in the office of the clerk of said Cook County Court of Common Pleas, [illegible] Mary E. Taylor that Philip Taylor, the complainant, filed his bill of complaint in said Court, [illegible] on the [illegible] day of March, 1858, [illegible] the first Monday of April next, 1858, [illegible] Now, unless you, the said Mary E. Taylor, shall personally be and appear before the said Cook County Court of Common Pleas, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at Chicago, in said county, on the first Monday of April, 1858, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainants' bill of complaint, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated, will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill. WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
A. GARRISON, Comp'ts Sol'r. mh10-[illegible]

A. H. Taylor & Co.,
DEALERS IN
Dimension & Rubble Stone,
FROM JOLIET ILL.
Joliet office at their Quarries.
Chicago Office and Yard, Canal street, between Van Buren and Harrison street, west side of South Branch.
[illegible]

LEATHER BELTING & LACE LEATHER of the best quality, for sale at Eastern prices by JNO. B. TOBSON & CO., [illegible] South Water street.

BRASS FOUNDRY.—RAILROAD CAR Boxes, and all kinds of Brass, Copper and White Metal Castings, by HAMILTON, BROOKS & CO., [illegible] Franklin street.

75 HHDS NEW CROP N. O. SUGAR. [illegible] N. O. Molasses. Arriving and for sale by REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

50 BBLS. WINTER ELEPHANT OIL just received by REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

SAL SODA—FOR SALE LOW, by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., Wholesale Druggists, 16 Lake st.

100 M. CHOICE IMPORTED CIGARS, just received and for sale by REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

500 BOXES CAVENDISH TOBACCO, offered at reduced prices. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

15 CASKS PRIME NEW FIGS. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

DAILY TRIBUNE.

No. 51 CLARK STREET.

CITY OF CHICAGO.

Monday Morning..........March 15, 1858.

Progress of the Two Countries.

While in this Democratic country the dominant party is doing its uttermost to weaken the defences of popular and personal liberty, and to throw down the safeguards which stand between it and tyranny, the parent Anglo-Saxon race on the other side of the Atlantic are so increasing their jealousy of the encroachment of despotism, that a popular ministry has just been overthrown because its leader recommended a law that trenched upon the immunities which England has always conferred upon political exiles who seek safety within her dominions. There the jealousy of power and fear of its abuse are impressing themselves more and more distinctly upon legislation; but here where our brief history has left us but few examples of the danger there is in weakening the barriers which have been set up to protect personal and political rights, we are rushing headlong in a career that has its termination only in the entire subjugation of the masses beneath the yoke of an intolerable despotism, or in long continued, bloody and perhaps unavailing struggles to regain the vantage ground, from which we are now thoughtlessly retreating. English ideas of freedom, or English theories rather, may not be as comprehensive as American pretensions; but within the range that now bounds the efforts of devotees of constitutional government, English liberty is guarded with jealousy and vigilance that we shall hereafter regret that we have not imitated here. It is popular with the false Democracy, who know no prejudice so low or no lie so base that they will not use it when the party is to be aggrandized thereby, to abuse the English that they may conciliate the Irish; but we are mistaken in the pluck and honesty of that brave and generous people, if the iniquities which we have submitted to during four years past in connection with Slavery and Kansas, would have been tolerated for a tithe of that time if perpetrated on English soil, and in violation of English rights. No ministry that has ever advised a monarch, since 1688, could have lived under the proven charges, which have been heaped up against the infamous Administrations of PIERCE and BUCHANAN. No army that, since the memorable revolution, has been recruited on English soil, could have withstood the popular tumults and the armed and forcible remonstrances that Englishmen would have made against such destroyers of their rights as have been and are now treading down the rights of American citizens in one of the Territories of this Union. In England the ideas of the masses in relation to the powers and duties of the governing and the governed, and their relations to each other, are growing clearer and clearer; and their laws are the legitimate outgrowth or expression of the sound principles that they are slowly elaborating. The demands of the rulers are yearly moderating, and the concessions to the popular will are more generous and catholic than ever heretofore. In all that concerns freedom in its personal or national application, the course is onward. In America the standard of our personal and political justice—the gauge by which we measure our own and other men's rights—is being rapidly lowered; and if the parent and the child continue in the courses that they seem to have deliberately chosen—the one tending with no timid or hesitating step toward a pure Democracy, and the other going upon a gallop to the embrace of the deadliest of Despotisms—a period less than that which marks the distance from our Revolution will not have elapsed, before the present position of the two countries will be reversed, and the world will look to England as the conservator of all that is blessed in government, and to America for those despotic maxims and arbitrary practices which England is leaving behind her.

What they are Doing in Kansas.

We have private information from Kansas which warrants the belief that the people will resist to the bitter end, the attempt to force upon them the infamous Lecompton Constitution. They are quietly but effectively organizing themselves to repel the invasion of the cohorts of the Federal Power, which will accompany the bogus Governor elect into the State, the government of which he is about to usurp. And we venture to say—so much confidence have we in the courage and strength of the members of the Free State party—that the attempt to put in force that compact of tyranny now under discussion in Washington, will be followed by the instant expulsion from Kansas, not only of the ruffianly scoundrels, who claim authority under it, but also every bayonet, sabre and field piece, and every officer and soldier, sent thither by a wicked Administration to help the usurpation forward. The President's signature to the bill which dooms Kansas to Slavery against which an overwhelming majority of her people have remonstrated more humbly than ever our Colonial Fathers supplicated the British Parliament and Crown, will be a proclamation of Civil War. For the honor of the American name, for the baptism again of Liberty, in blood; for the stirring to their profoundest depths, the hearts and consciences of the men of this nation, who have been, since 1820, lapsing into forgetfulness of, or indifference to, their rights daily more and more imperilled, we hope our brethren in Kansas will fight! We do not calculate chances of success or acknowledge possibility of failure. If they fail, it is better that a bloody field should mark the spot where American Freedom died in arms. If they succeed, Despotism is baffled for a half century yet to come. We fear no danger to the Union. If it is worth preserving, it will bear the shock. If it is a compact under which tyranny may more safely do its work, the sooner it is dissolved the more shall we save from the wreck. We hope that Kansas will resist. She is the test that will prove our national fidelity to the principles upon which the government was founded, and by which only can it be sustained. If the frauds, perjuries, robberies, arson, despoliations and murders that have been perpetrated under Federal and "Democratic" auspices, for the subjugation of Freedom there, shall now be canonized, Freedom everywhere in this Republic is at an end!

The Three Johns.

The three Buchanan leaders of New York are the three Johns:—Prince JOHN VAN BUREN, Hon. JOHN A. DIX, and JOHN COCHRANE.

These three worthies, in 1848, attended the Buffalo Convention, and laid down the following platform:

Resolved, That the true, and in the judgment of this Convention, the only safe means of preventing the extension of Slavery into territory now free, is to prohibit its existence in all such territory by an act of Congress.

Resolved, That we accept the issue the slave States have now forced upon us, and to their demand for more slave States and more slave Territory, our calm but final answer is—*No more slave States and no slave Territory.* Let the soil of our extensive dominions be ever kept free for the oppressed and famished of other lands seeking homes of comfort and fields of enterprise in the New World.

Mr. Greeley, of the *Tribune*, tells us what they also did in the same year:

On this platform, a dozen ways expressed and as many times repeated, before and afterward, Mr. Dix ran for Governor, with Seth M. Gates (old line Abolitionist) for Lieutenant-Governor, under Martin Van Buren for President and Charles Francis Adams for Vice. There were no two heartier, bolder, more effective canvassers for this ticket than John Van Buren and John Cochrane. Cochrane was the standing resolve-drawer of his party; Van Buren its most popular orator. On the platform above cited, they stumped this and adjacent States, doing their mightiest in behalf of the principles above enunciated.

These three Johns are Buchanan's standard-bearers in the Empire State, and his warmest defenders of the Lecompton swindle. FORNEY says of them, that "in 1848 VAN BUREN, DIX, "and COCHRANE sought to exclude the South "from all territory, but now they combine to "force the South into territory to which they can "lay no just claim, and from which the people "immediately concerned, have demanded their "exclusion." And they are our new Apostles!

From Washington.

The Senate "Mud-Sills"—Republican Senators to be Hung for Treason—Hamlin the First Victim—Buchanan would doubtless be the next—His Impeachment in Contemplation if Civil War ensues—Alex. Stephens and his Report—Mr. Harris and his Report—The Forgers to be Rewarded—The Minority Report of the Lecompton Committee—The Cuban Plot—The Douglas Office Holders—Mr. Douglas—Indiana.

[Special Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, March 12, 1858.

The times are warming up here. In addition to the rows in executive session on Monday last, when too large a proportion of the collected wisdom was too boosy to permit the sober men to preserve the dignity of the body, hot, acrimonious and dangerous colloquies are constantly occurring in the lobbies and retiring rooms. I have received the particulars of one of these, which presents a highly vivid illustration of Senatorial manners. The chivalry are foaming at the speeches in reply to the "mud-sills" and "white slaves" speech of Hammond. That prince of the lash, it is said, is himself the son of a "white slave"—that is, a poor, laboring Irishman. This only adds to the baseness of the insult to the "poor whites" of the North and South; for Hammond meant to stigmatize all labor and laborers as "mud-sills." The knights of the plantation declare the advice of the Free State Senators to the people of Kansas to resist the spurious Calhoun government, and to fire on the United States troops, if sent to enforce it, to be treason, and they are talking of hanging. They are especially enraged at Hamlin, of Maine, who has clearly committed himself to a war against Federal bayonets in Kansas in resistance to the Lecompton infamy. One of these swaggerers declared yesterday that Hamlin is the first man he would hang. On their side, the Republicans are generally agreed that the first man they would hang, in the event of treasonable orders given to the troops to fire on the people, is James Buchanan, President of the United States, and the next, the Secretary of War. Such capital offenders as Calhoun, Sam. Jones, and Henderson will be hanged any hour, as soon as the people of Kansas can catch them.

The plan of impeaching the President is seriously discussed; and if the anticipated civil war in Kansas shall occur through the interference of the Government troops, it is not doubtful that it will be carried out. It is a fact not generally known, that if the Republicans had had a strong majority in the last House of Representatives, Pierce and Jeff. Davis would have been impeached, and that would have been followed up by an indictment against them as accessories to the robberies and murders which blackened the history of their Administration. There is scarcely a doubt that the murderous forays of the Missourians with their bloody consequences, were ordered and arranged in the office of the Secretary of War, and that he was, and is, responsible for the whole of them. No malefactor in any government ever more richly deserved the punishment of death than the Hon. Jefferson Davis, late Secretary of War, and now Senator from Mississippi. It was his banditti, who murdered Hoyt, Dow, Barbour, the Phillipses, Bailey, Frederic Brown, and all the uncounted victims at the massacre and arson at Assawattomie and other places.

There were eighty members of the last House committed to the impeachment of Pierce. There will be a hundred and fifty in this prepared to mete out the same justice to Buchanan, if his murderous and treasonable policy towards Kansas be carried out to the point of shedding the blood of the people there.

Aleck Stephens [illegible] the House for not receiving his report on Lecompton. He has actually printed it. He has precipitated it upon the people of the United States without a word of warning. The people are strong, and can bear the infliction better than the House. The chief feature of the report is its naked and monstrous lying. Aleck and his confederates [illegible] of Lecompton. Aleck counts in its favor the people who voted on the 4th of January, under protest against it. The paper ought to be entitled the Swindlers' Defence.

I am afraid it would be imprudent in Harris, Chairman of the Committee, to hazard his motion for a peremptory order to the Committee to take testimony. If he should get that matter before the House, the Speaker, who is the leader of the Lecompton brigade, would instantly decide that Stephens could tack on his report and bill, whereby the scheme would be brought before the House.

It is now in a promising situation. The whole session will probably pass without once calling the Committees through for reports, and the Lecompton Select Committee is the last on the list. [illegible]

Buchanan has picked out Sam Jones, Johnson, Danforth and Henderson, four of the men who did the actual manual labor of forging returns and counterfeiting names of voters in Kansas, as has been proved even by their own confession, for four of the best offices in the Territory. [illegible]

The able and comprehensive report of the Republican minority on the Lecompton Committee was prepared by Mr. Morrill of Vermont, and Mr. Bennett of N. Y. They avail themselves of all the new proofs brought here by Green, the late messenger from the board of investigation appointed by the Legislature. They will report as soon as the House will permit them.

The Cuban plot goes on smoothly thus far. [illegible]

It is now ascertained to be true that the executive sword is suspended over the necks of the Douglas office-holders [illegible]

Douglas has fallen entirely below zero. [illegible]

[illegible]

A Sensible Suggestion.

CHICAGO, March 11, 1858.

Editors of Tribune:—Through your paper, and [illegible]

[illegible]

H. O. W.

Very Late and Important News from Utah.

MORMONS PREPARING FOR WAR.

BRIGHAM'S PROPHESY.

[From the St. Louis Democrat.]

The Council Bluffs Bugle of the 3d inst. says: —"Mr. Wingate has just arrived in this city, en route for Chicago and other eastern cities, and only thirty one days from Salt Lake City. He reports no snow in Salt Lake valley at the time he left, and but little snow in the mountains. He came by a route known only to the Mormons and mountaineers, by which horsemen in single file can pass the army without being discovered. This route passes between a range of perpendicular rocks for thirteen miles, and in many places is not over three feet wide and completely covered over with a rock roof.

The Mormons are making great preparation for defending all the passes to the valley, and are manufacturing small cannon with percussion locks, and telescope sights. These cannon carry a two pound ball, and from their peculiar construction will do execution at a distance of a mile and a half, with as much certainty as our common rifles will at a hundred and twenty yards.

They also have a manufactory of revolvers, where five hundred are turned out per week.

They are also manufacturing a coarse powder, which they calculate to use in the construction of mines, by which they expect to be able to blow up a train without running any risk themselves.

The Mormons and some of the picket guards of Col. Johnston's command have had a skirmish, in which the Mormons lost two killed and five wounded, and he says that it is reported that four of Colonel Johnston's men were killed.

He also reports that Col. Johnston's mules and oxen are nearly all dead, and that it is believed by the Mormons that Johnston will not have a "hoof" alive in the Spring.

Brigham Young preaches upon the subject of the war every Sunday. He says that Brigham is willing for Gov. Cumming and the civil officers to come into the territory and enter upon the duties of their offices; but if the army attempts to enter the valley, they will every one be cut off.

On the 28th of January, the day before Mr. Wingate left the city, Brigham preached to over nine thousand people, and after the sermon he requested all who were in favor of giving the troops h—ll, in case they attempt to enter the valley, to rise up—every man, woman and child rose up. "Now," said Brigham, "I am satisfied. The Lord is with us, and if we determine of one accord to give the troops h—ll the powers on the earth and hell cannot prevail over us, for I have it revealed to me that not a blade of grass, or other green thing will be left on the plains for the support of the beasts of our enemies. Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa and Missouri will be made desolate, and a famine will prevail over the land of our enemies. Brethren be of cheer, God is with us and hell cannot prevail against us."

We could not learn upon what business Mr. Wingate was dispatched from the city, but have no doubt but he has important business with the Mormons in the States, "which will be made manifest in due time."

The Union Bank Defalcation.

Arrest of the Bookkeeper's Accomplice—Details of the Gigantic Fraud—$145,000 Involved—How the Money was Abstracted—The Bookkeeper's Flight and Escape.

The startling announcement of the defalcation in the Union Bank, as published in the columns of the Herald, produced no little excitement in Wall street yesterday, and was the subject of universal comment throughout the entire city. The extent of the fraud has not yet been fully ascertained, but it is believed by many persons connected with the bank that the defalcation will not fall short of $200,000. Already the officers of the bank have discovered that $145,000 have been abstracted, and that too within a period of two years. [illegible] Benjamin K. Brotherson, for such is the name of the defaulter, has been employed in the bank for over twenty years, so that it is an easy matter to tell how vast were his operations or how long the fraud was carried on.

THE ARREST OF AN ALLEGED ACCOMPLICE.

Jacob H. Mott, a broker doing business in Front street, and a resident of No. 65 West Thirty-seventh street, was taken into custody on Tuesday night at his residence, on a charge of having been connected with Brotherson in the fraud. [illegible]

THE DETECTIVE'S DISCOVERY.

When detective policeman Joseph Keefe first discovered that Brotherson was a defaulter, some six weeks ago, he communicated his suspicions to the president and cashier of the bank, but the latter would hardly listen to the warning of the informant. [illegible]

The second attempt to arouse the officers of the bank to a true sense of the danger proved equally as abortive as the first. [illegible]

BROTHERSON'S FLIGHT FROM THE BANK.

It was arranged that the arrest of the defaulter should take place on Monday. [illegible] What was the surprise of Mr. Keefe, when on his arrival there he learned that Brotherson had decamped from the bank some three hours previously! [illegible]—*N. Y. Herald, March 11th.*

THE ACQUISITION OF HON. J. R. WYCHE TO THE REPUBLICAN RANKS.—The Republican party of Northern Illinois, especially of Chicago, may well congratulate themselves upon the acquisition of this gentleman to their ranks.

Mr. Wyche was a member of the last Legislature, from Coles county, and, we believe, on all occasions, except in that rascally contested election business, acted with the Democratic party. [illegible] Mr. Wyche is a young lawyer of very fair promise. He has lately located in Chicago, where we predict for him a career of usefulness and honor.—*Iroquois Rep.*

DUBUQUE.—The citizens of Dubuque have formed an Emigrant Association, and appointed F. S. Nossis traveling agent. The objects of the Association are to encourage emigration and settlement in Dubuque and northern Iowa. The objects are good, and well worthy of emulation by other Western States.

TERRIBLE DISASTER ON THE BIGBEE.

Burning of the Steamer Eliza Battle.

Forty Lives Lost.

TWELVE HUNDRED BALES OF COTTON LOST.

[From the Mobile Advertiser of the 3d.]

We received intelligence yesterday of a terrible calamity on the Bigbee River—the destruction by fire of the steamer Eliza Battle—and what is worse, a frightful loss of life.

It appears that the disaster occurred about 2 o'clock on Monday morning, about a half or three-quarters of a mile above Kemp's Landing, when the Battle, with some 50 or 60 passengers and 1200 or 1300 bales of cotton on cotton on board, took fire, and was completely consumed.

As far as ascertained, 33 lives were lost, consisting of the crew and passengers, (about one-half of each,) and all the cotton except some 15 or 20 bales.

The fire had its origin among the cotton bales on the after deck under the cabin, and although the flames made but little progress at first, a strong north wind, almost a gale, soon spread them to all parts of the boat, and the passengers were compelled to seek safety to their lives by retreating in their night clothes.

The boat was headed for the shore, but the river being high and out of its banks and the wheel-ropes burned, a landing could not be effected.

She was, however, driven among the trees, where she lodged until the engines ceased to work, (the intensity of the heat driving the engineers from their posts,) when the passengers were enabled to effect an escape by hanging to the limbs and branches of trees and upon bales of cotton thrown overboard.

After the wheels stopped, the boat swayed around and was driven across the river by force of the wind. This fortunate circumstance probably saved the lives of many of the survivors, as they must otherwise have perished in the flames.

The mate and pilot and some others on cotton bales, floated down the river some four miles, shouting for help before boats could be obtained. These were then carried across the river and hauled on wagons to the scene of disaster, when the survivors on the trees were carried to land.

It is proper to state that all efforts to get to the yawl were rendered fruitless, as the flames cut off all means of access to it. An attempt was then made to launch the lifeboat, but before a sufficient force could be mustered, the fire again drove the party away.

It is due to Capt. Stone to say that when assistance arrived, he gave orders to save the women and children first, and was himself the last to be taken off. The most of those lost were frozen, having been more or less in the water and subjected three or four hours to the cold Northern blast.

The residents of the vicinity, as soon as they learned the disaster, rendered what service was in their power.

No cause for the fire is known, unless it was by sparks from the steamer Warrior, which boat passed to windward about half an hour before the flames were discovered.

All the books and papers of the boat were lost, and, with the exception of one or two carpet bags, every particle of baggage also.

As soon as it was ascertained that the yawl and life boat could not be reached, as a means of saving the lives of those on board, cotton bales, stage planks, and every other available article were thrown overboard, that passengers might cling to them for safety.

One child of Mr. Cromwell was saved by Frank Stone, [illegible]

The assistant pilot, Mr. D. Hartley, saved Miss Robinson. She threw water on him while he was paddling her ashore on a cotton bale.

An infant of two months old was saved in a remarkable manner. When discovered by Captain Stone, it had only its night clothes on and was blue with cold. A blanket coat soaked with water was at hand, which the captain laid upon a burning cotton bale and then wrapped the babe in the steaming covering. It is now "alive and chirping."

Capt. Stone also saved the mother of the infant by placing her on the cotton, and the two were made as comfortable as circumstances would allow until the boats took them off.

Fully thirty-six hours had elapsed before the Magnolia came along, and during six or seven hours of this time, when Jackson and Mitchell brought up the boats, the passengers and crew remained in the cold without relief.

The passengers publish a card, in which they exonerate all the officers of the boat from blame.

Extracts from the late Speech of Senator Hammond, of South Carolina.

THE QUESTION PLAINLY STATED.

POPULAR SOVEREIGNTY A FALLACY.

The Senator from Illinois has, upon his view of the Lecompton Constitution and the present situation of affairs in Kansas, raised the cry of Popular Sovereignty. The Senator from New York [Mr. Seward] yesterday made himself facetious about it, and called it "Squatter Sovereignty." There is a Popular Sovereignty which is the basis of our Government, and I am unwilling that the Senator should have the benefit of uniting Squatter Sovereignty with Popular Sovereignty. Sir, in all countries and in all time, it is well understood that the numerical majority of the people could, if they chose, exercise the sovereignty of the country; but, for want of intelligence, and for want of leaders, they have never been able successfully to combine and form a popular government. They have often attempted it; but it always turned out, instead of a popular sovereignty, a populace sovereignty, and demagogues placing themselves upon the movement, have invariably led them into military despotism. I think that the popular sovereignty which the Senator from Illinois would derive from the acts of the Territorial Legislature, [illegible] would lead us directly into populous sovereignty, and not popular sovereignty. The first organization of popular sovereignty on a proper basis took place in this country. The first gun of the Revolution was a salute to a new organization of popular sovereignty that was embodied in the Declaration of Independence, developed, elaborated, and inaugurated forever in the Constitution of the United States; and the true pillars of it were representation and the ballot-box, the legal and constitutional ballot-box ordained by the people. In the division of power, in distributing the sovereign powers among the various departments of the Government, the people retained for themselves the single power of the ballot-box; and a great power it was. Through that power they were able to control all the departments of the Government. [illegible] but when it is outside of that, it is the voice of a demon, the doctrine of the Reign of Terror.

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATION OF NO ACCOUNT.

Permit me to say that, in passing, I omitted to answer a question that the Senator from Illinois has, I believe, repeatedly asked, and that is, what were the legal powers of the Territorial Legislature after the formation and adoption of the Lecompton Constitution? [illegible]

SOUTHERN GOOD FAITH.

Yesterday the Senator said, "Suppose we admit Kansas with the Lecompton Constitution, what guarantee is there that Congress will not again interfere with the affairs of Kansas?" [illegible] has been violated. But what guarantee have we, when you have this Government in your possession in all its departments, even if we submit quietly to what the Senator exhorts us to submit to—the confinement of Slavery in its present territory, and even to the reconstruction of the Supreme Court—that you will not plunder us with tariffs, that you will not restrain us with navigation laws, and other laws impeding the facilities of transportation to Southern produce? What guarantee have we that you will not create a new bank, and concentrate all the finances of this country at the North, where already, for the want of direct trade and a proper system of banking in the South, they are ruinously concentrated? Nay, Sir, what guarantee have we that you will not emancipate our slaves, or, at least, make the attempt? We cannot rely on your faith when you have the power. It has been always broken whenever pledged.

THE SEPARATE SOUTHERN REPUBLIC.

Now, Sir, as I am disposed to see this question settled as soon as possible, and am perfectly willing to have a final and conclusive settlement now, instantly, and after what the Senator from New York has said, I think it not unimportant that I should attempt to bring the North and South face to face, and see what resources each of us might have in the contingency of separate organizations. If we never acquire another foot of territory for the South, look at her. Eight hundred and fifty thousand square miles, as large as Great Britain, France, Austria, Prussia and Spain. Is not that territory enough to make an empire that shall rule the world? With the finest soil, the most delightful climate, whose productions none of those great countries can produce, we have 3,000 miles of continental shore line, and so indented with bays and crowded with islands that, when their shore lines are added, we have 12,000 miles of shore line. Through the heart of our country runs the great Mississippi, the father of waters, into whose bosom are poured 36,000 miles of tributary streams; and beyond we have the desert prairie wastes to protect us in our rear. Can you hem in such a territory as that? You talk of putting up a wall of fire around 850,000 square miles so situated! How absurd.

But, Sir, in this Territory lies the great valley of the Mississippi, now the real, and soon to be the acknowledged seat of the empire of the world. The sway of that valley will be as great as ever the Nile knew in the earlier ages of mankind. We own the most of that valley. The most valuable part of it belongs to us, and although those who have settled above us are now opposed to us, another generation will tell a different tale. They are ours by all the laws of nature; slave-labor will go over every foot of this great valley where it will be found profitable to use it, and those who do not use it are soon to be united with us by such ties as will make us one and inseparable. The iron horse will soon be clattering over the sunny plains of the South to bear the products of its upper tributaries to our Atlantic ports, as it now clatters over the ice-bound North. There is the great Mississippi, a bond of union made by nature's law. She will forever vindicate her right to the Union. On this fine Territory we have a population four times as large as that with which these colonies separated from the mother country, and a hundred, I might say a thousand fold as strong. Our population is now sixty per cent. greater than that of the whole United States when we entered into the second war of Independence. It is twice as large as the whole population of the United States was ten years after the conclusion of that war, and our exports are three times as great as those of the whole United States then. Upon our muster-rolls we have a million of men. In a defensive war upon an emergency, every one of them would be available. At any time, the South can raise, equip, and maintain in the field a larger army than any Power of the earth can send against her, and an army of soldiers—men brought up on horseback, with guns in their hands.

THE NORTH POOR AND WEAK.

If we take the North, even when the two large States of Kansas and Minnesota shall be admitted, her territory will be one hundred thousand square miles short of ours. I do not speak of California and Oregon; there is no antagonism between the South and those countries, and never will be. The population of the North is fifty per cent. greater than ours. I have nothing to say in disparagement either of the soil of the North or the people of the North, who are a brave, intelligent, energetic race, full of intellect, but they produce no great staple that the South does not produce; but we produce two or three, and those are the very greatest that she can never produce. As to her men, however high they may be, they have never proved themselves to be superior to those of the South, either in the field or in the Senate.

SLAVERY MAKES THE SOUTH STRONG.

But, Sir, the greatest strength of the South arises from the harmony of her political and social institutions. This harmony gives her a frame of society, the best in the world, and an extent of political freedom combined with entire security, such as no other people ever enjoyed upon the face of the earth. Society precedes government; creates it, and ought to control it; but as far as we can look back in historic times we find the case different; for government is no sooner formed than it becomes too strong for society, and shapes and moulds, as well as controls it. In later centuries the progress of civilization and intelligence has made the divergence so great as to produce civil wars and revolutions; and it is nothing now but the want of harmony between governments and societies which occasions all the uneasiness and trouble and terror that we see abroad. It was this that brought on the American Revolution. We threw off a Government not adapted to our social system, and made one for ourselves. The question is, how far have we succeeded? The South, so far as that is concerned, is satisfied, content, happy, harmonious and prosperous.

LABORING MEN ARE MUD-SILLS.

In all social systems there must be a class to do the mean duties, to perform the drudgery of life—that is, a class requiring but a low order of intellect and but little skill. Its requisites are vigor, docility, fidelity. Such a class you must have, or you would not have that other class which leads progress, refinement and civilization. It constitutes the very mud-sills of society and of political government; and you might as well attempt to build a house in the air as to build either the one or the other except on the mud-sills. Fortunately for the South, she found a race adapted to that purpose to her hand. A race inferior to herself, but eminently qualified in temper, in vigor, in docility, in capacity, to stand the climate, to answer all her purposes. We use them for the purpose, and call them slaves. We are old-fashioned at the South yet; it is a word discarded now by ears polite; but I will not characterize that class at the North with that term; but you have it; it is there; it is everywhere; it is eternal.

NORTHERN LABORERS ARE BUT SLAVES.

The Senator from New York said yesterday that the whole world had abolished slavery. Ay, the name, but not the thing; and all the powers of the earth cannot abolish it. God only can do it when he repeals the *fiat*, "the poor ye always have with you;" for the man who lives by daily labor, and scarcely lives at that, and who has to put out his labor in the market and take the best he can get for it; in short your whole class of manual laborers and operatives, as you call them, are slaves. The difference between us is, that the slaves are hired for life and well compensated; there is no starvation, no begging, no want of employment among our people, and not too much employment either. Yours are hired by the day, not cared for, and scantily compensated, which may be proved in the most deplorable manner, at any hour, in any street, in any of your large towns. Why, Sir, you meet more beggars in one day, in any single street of the city of New York, than you would meet in a life time in the whole South. Our slaves are black, of another, inferior race. The *status* in which we have placed them is an elevation. They are elevated from the condition in which God first created them, by being made our slaves. None of that race on the whole face of the globe can be compared with the slaves of the South, and they know it. They are happy, content, unaspiring, and utterly incapable from intellectual degradation, ever to give us any trouble by their aspirations.

Your slaves are white, of your own race; you are brothers of one blood. They are your equals in natural endowment of intellect, and they feel galled by their degradation. Our slaves do not vote. We give them no political power. Yours do vote, and being the majority, they are the depositaries of all your political power. If they knew the tremendous secret, that the ballot-box is stronger than an army with bayonets, and could combine, where would you be? Your society would be reconstructed, your government reconstructed, your property divided, not as they have mistakenly attempted to initiate such proceedings by meeting in parks, with arms in their hands, but by the quiet process of the ballot-box. You have been making war upon us to our very hearth stones. How would you like for us to send lecturers or agitators North, to teach these people this, to aid and assist in combining, and to lead them?

Mr. Wilson and others—Send them along.

NORTHERN LABORERS ARE BEGGARS.

Mr. Hammond—You say, send them North. There is no need of that. They are coming here. They are thundering at our doors for homesteads of one hundred and sixty acres of land for nothing, and Southern Senators are supporting it. Nay, they are assembling, as I have said, with arms in their hands, and demanding work at $1,000 a year and six hours a day. Have you heard that the ghost of Mendoza is stalking in the streets of our big cities; that the inquisition is at hand? There is afloat a fearful rumor that there have been consultations for vigilance committees. You know what that means already. Transient and temporary causes have thus far been your preservation. The West has been open to your surplus population, and your hordes of semi barbarian emigrants, who are crowding in year by year—They make a great movement, and you call it progress. Whither? It is progress, but it is progress toward vigilance committees. The South have sustained you in a great measure. You are our factors. You bring and carry for us. $150,000,000 of our money passes annually through your hands. Much of it sticks; all of it assists to keep your machinery together and in motion. Suppose we were to take our business out of your hands, we should consign you to anarchy and poverty.

SOUTHERN RULE GLORIOUS AND BENEFICENT.

You complain of the rule of the South. That has been another cause that has preserved you. We have kept the Government conservative to the great purposes of the Government. We have placed her and kept her upon the Constitution; and that has been the cause of your peace and prosperity. The Senator from New York says that that is about to be at an end; that you intend to take the Government from us; that it will pass from our hands. Perhaps what he says is true; it may be; but do not forget—it can never be forgotten, it is written on the brightest page of human history—that we, the slaveholders of the South, took our country in her infancy, and, after ruling her for sixty out of the seventy years of her existence, we shall surrender her to you without a stain upon her honor, boundless in prosperity, incalculable in her strength, the wonder and the admiration of the world. Time will show what you will make of her, but no time can ever diminish our glory, or your responsibility.

From Washington.

[Special Dispatch to the N. Y. Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, Thursday, March 11.

A letter was received here this morning from Mr. Danforth, a Border Ruffian, to Mr. Johnson, son of the Kansas Parson Johnson, saying significantly that Mundy accidentally shot himself. Calhoun had previously written Gov. Denver that if Mundy's report of the testimony, as to the Delaware Crossing fraud, was verified before him, it would govern his decision in issuing certificates to the members of the Legislature. It was believed that Mundy was on the way for that purpose when killed.

Mr. Case, the new member from Indiana, made a decided hit to-day. He took the floor after the dinner hour, but commanded undivided attention to the close.

Even Mr. Letcher came over to the Republican side of the House and listened with marked attention.

The most telling point was the parallel drawn between Buchanan's Message against the Kansas rebels and the language of a Royalist pamphlet of 1774, denouncing the New England rebels. The ideas and language of both are nearly identical. Thus is Buchanan convicted of plagiarism from this tory argument.

The Opposition majority on Col. Harris's motion in the House to-day, greatly surprised and alarmed Lecomptonites. The vote is felt as a pointed rebuke of Speaker Orr's unparliamentary partisan course in appointing the Kansas Committee. The South Americans voted steadily with the Opposition. Lecompton leaders say that they do not intend to filibuster to-morrow. Their filibustering to-day was only to gain time to recall their absentees. There are more absent on their side than on that of the Opposition.

Messrs. Pettit, Wilson and Farnsworth, who were absent from sickness on the day originally announced for Harris's motion to come up, and Mr. Adrian, who was out of the city, were all in their seats to-day, and voted on every division.

The Fort Snelling Committee intend to compel Mr. Rice, Senator elect from Minnesota, to testify. He may also have to face another investigation, viz: into the reserved lands at Fort Crawford, near Prairie du Chien.

The report gains ground that Gen. Cass will shortly resign. He is a cypher in the Cabinet, the President being wholly given up to Southern influences. Gen. Cass does not fully share in the Lecompton infatuation of Buchanan, and probably does not wish to be too deeply involved in the President's wild and dangerous Pro-Slavery policy.

Judge Douglas is confined to the house by illness, which is not, however, of a dangerous nature.

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE,
At Eight Dollars per Ton, Delivered,
BRAN, SHORTS AND MIDDLINGS,
At Adams' Mills, North Water Street.
mh13-2w   B. ADAMS & CO.

REMEMBER THAT POWERS' GREEK SLAVE, and a large number of Paintings from the Dusseldorf Gallery, are among the prizes to be distributed to the members of the Cosmopolitan Art Association. Subscriptions received up to the [illegible] when the drawing will take place. [illegible]
S. H. GOODMAN, Agent,
At D. B. Cooke & Co's, Portland Block.

BANKING HOUSE
OF
Willard, Alexander & Co.
BANK OF DEPOSIT.
Collection and Foreign & Domestic Exchange.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED ON THE USUAL terms. Collections made in all parts of the Eastern and Western States, Territories and Canada. Sell Exchange on New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, St. Louis, and
England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales.
ALSO, SHIP PASSAGE TICKETS
From any port in Europe to this country. Buy Bills of Exchange, Certificates of Deposit, Gold and Eastern Money.
50 Clark Street,
mh13   between Lake and Randolph streets.

J. H. REED & CO.,
Druggists and Apothecaries,
DEALERS IN
FINE FANCY GOODS,
Perfumery,
SUPERIOR TOILET GOODS,
Pocket Cutlery,
FINE TYRIAN ORNAMENTS,
PORTE MONNAIES,
CHOICE COOKING ARTICLES,
Pure Wines,
DELICACIES FOR INVALIDS,
144 & 146 Lake Street.

A STOCK OF GOODS FOR SALE.
FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS, A STOCK of about $11,000 worth of Goods, at Monroe, Wisconsin. The stock was bought in New York and Boston at the lowest rates, and comprises a general assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Hardware, Crockery, &c. The Store had a good run of trade, its average sales having been over $30,000 per year. A three story brick Store House, 30 by 100 feet, conveniently situated and containing a large storage for Grain and other produce (known as the "Hotel Store"), can be rented or bought with the goods, if wanted. The owner, wishing to retire from trade, will sell the stock, with or without the building, at a good bargain and on terms that will enable the buyer, with the aid of a little capital, to make the payments out of the goods, on the purchaser making the payments secure.
Monroe is the County Seat and centre of Green county—one of the finest agricultural counties in the State. It is a flourishing town of about 3,000 inhabitants, surrounded by a rich and densely settled farming community. It is the present terminus of the southern branch of the Milwaukee & Mississippi Railroad, which is now completed to Monroe, and having no town of any importance within 25 or 30 miles to compete with, makes Monroe most desirable point for trade and the purchasing of grain and other produce.
The above affords a rare opportunity for any person wishing to go into trade where a good and profitable [illegible] is already built up. For further particulars, address
WASHINGTON SMITH,
fe27-d2w&w4w*   Chicago, Illinois.

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE Price of Coal.
THE NORTHERN ILLINOIS COAL AND IRON COMPANY, of Lasalle, are now ready to deliver Coal in Chicago, of ten tons and upwards, of 3d and 4th vein Coal, at $4 per ton until the canal opens, when they will reduce the price of the same Coal to $3.25 per ton. Parties consuming large quantities, and willing to contract by the year, can get a reduction on the above prices.
This Coal is mined at a depth of 250 and 380 feet from the surface, and is superior to any Illinois Coal offered for sale in Chicago.
The above Company have already expended $75,000 in developing their mines and having an inexhaustible supply of material, with a determination to succeed, they only ask, as they deserve, the patronage of Chicago, to insure a further reduction of from 20 to 30 per cent. on the above prices within the ensuing two years.
Specimens of each vein can be seen at our office, No. 40 Clark street, and contracts entered into by
fe23-3m-136   LAW & STROTHER.

Raising Business Blocks.
THE SUBSCRIBERS WOULD ANNOUNCE that they are ready to make contracts for RAISING BUSINESS BLOCKS TO GRADE, and all other operations pertaining to the removal or raising of buildings of wood, brick or stone, of any size, to any desired height, or for any distance.
A long residence in this city on the part of Mr. H., enables them to refer with confidence to many of our best citizens for all information as to character and reliability. Mr. Brown's long experience in the business and practical demonstrations in Chicago, are sufficient guaranties that all business with them will be performed according to contract.
Office Room No. 5, third floor, north-east corner of Clark and Randolph streets.
mh12-3m-152   BROWN & HOLLINGSWORTH.

DEALERS AND CONSUMERS ARE INVITED.
E. W. DENSMORE & CO.
ARE NOW PREPARED TO SELL AND deliver to any part of the city,
Free of Charge,
Any of the various products of their Mills. We shall aim at the "star" in the quality of our goods, and will, a good mill, good materials and experience, hope to reach and maintain the highest point of excellence. Our brands of Flour, in barrels and bags, are—
Phillips' Mills, Choice Extra, No. 1 White Wheat,
Minn Superfine, No. 1 Red Winter,
Choice Family, Choice Extra Spring.
Also, at wholesale or retail, White Rye Flour, Graham Flour, Cracked Wheat, Corn Meal (sifted and unsifted), Corn and Oats (ground), Middlings, Bran, Shorts, Samps, &c.
mh12-23-1y   E. W. DENSMORE & CO.,
147 South Water st.

Leather and Findings.

THE GREAT WESTERN
LEATHER AND HIDE STORE,
201 & 203 S. Water Street, Chicago.
Slaughter and Spanish Sole,
French & Domestic Kip & Calf Skins,
LININGS, LASTS, FINDINGS
HARNESS AND BRIDLE LEATHER,
SELLING OFF
At a Great Reduction of Prices,
BY
R. T. BLACKBURN & BRO.
N. B.—Hides wanted, for cash, at market price.

LEATHER—LEATHER.
JAMES KELLY,
LATE KELLY & BLACKBURN, HAVING purchased the interest of his partner in the business, would inform the customers of the late firm and the public generally, that he continues the business at the Old Stand,
No. 243 Lake Street,
Near the Bridge, where he hopes to be favored with a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed on the old firm. He will have constantly on hand a large stock of the best brands of
FRENCH AND AMERICAN
KIP AND CALF SKINS,
SPANISH AND SLAUGHTER SOLE,
LININGS, LASTS, &c.,
LEATHER AND RUBBER BELTING,
Which he will always sell at the
LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
Chicago, Nov. 26, 1857.   JAMES KELLY.

Clothing.

142 . For 30 Days Longer . 142
SCOTT, KEEN & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
E. L. HARDING & CO.,
Will offer for the next thirty days their
Entire Stock of Fine Clothing
AND FURNISHING GOODS,
AT PRIME MANUFACTURERS' COST,
To make room for an immediate stock of
SPRING GOODS.
Also their entire stock of
YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,
At Prices Heretofore Unheard of in Chicago.
SCOTT, KEEN & CO.,
142 Lake Street.

Boots & Shoes.

REMOVAL!
THE REMAINDER OF THAT
Immense and Very Cheap Consignment
—OF—
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Has been removed from 63 Lake st., to my old stand,
Number 163 Randolph Street,
UNDER METROPOLITAN HALL,
And will be offered for the next thirty Days, and until they are disposed of,
At Lower Rates than Heretofore.
There are yet about
$30,000 Worth Unsold,
AND THEY MUST & WILL BE SOLD,
If at Less than Manufacturers' Cost.
It comprises a general assortment of MEN'S, WOMEN'S and CHILDREN'S GOODS.
The following prices will be an indication of the rates in which proportion they will all be sold:

MEN'S BEST PAT. LEATHER LONG TOP BOOTS	[illegible]
MEN'S FINE CALF BOOTS	[illegible]
" " " D. S. & D. U. Sewed	3 50 to 3 50
MEN'S SUPERIOR HEAVY KIP BOOTS	[illegible]
" CALF CONG. GAITERS	$2 00
" RUBBERS (80 pairs)	[illegible]
WOMEN'S RUBBERS (30 pairs)	[illegible]
" FOXED GAITERS	75c to $1 00
BOYS' KIP AND CALF BOOTS	$1 [illegible]

Terms—Cash.
E. S. WELLS.
mh1-1m-10

Medical.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS.
Great Central Western Agency.
Merchants, Druggists, Traders,
AND OTHERS DESIROUS OF OBTAINING this
World-Renowned Medicine,
can obtain the same at NEW YORK PRICES, in any quantity. For Kansas, and other emigrants, it is the
SAFEST, SUREST AND CHEAPEST
Family Medicine in the world—for at all times, and under all circumstances, in all curable diseases, it produces but one result—HEALTH.
Full directions in English, French and German.
GEO. TAYLOR, Agent,
mh1-3m-10   148 Randolph st., Chicago.

MRS. THOMPSON, M.D.,
Homeopathic Physician and Obstetrician.
MRS. T. HAVING PRACTICED SUCcessfully for a number of years in the East, now offers her professional services to the ladies in this city, and will attend day and night. Residence 148 Madison street.
jy30'57-1y

Sawyer's Fluid Extract of Bark
AN INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR THE
FEVER AND AGUE,
And the Various Forms of
BILLIOUS DISEASES,
Intermittent, Remittent, Chill Fever and DUMB AGUE,
Having their origin in Malaria of very fertile or marshy districts.
PREPARED BY DR. S. SAWYER, AND sold by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., Druggists and Chemists, 74 Lake street, Chicago.
This remedy is prepared entirely from vegetable substances and contains no mercury, arsenic, or anything that can prove injurious to the system. Its effects are those of a febrifuge and tonic, well adapted to restore the healthy action of the stomach, whose functions are so generally impaired in this class of diseases.
Quinine and other tonics, serve only in many cases to break the chills, but do not remove the diseases of the liver and other organs, implicated on which the chill and fever depend; hence the usefulness of the "Fluid Extract of Bark," particularly in regions where physicians cannot be readily consulted, which contains all the qualities suited to the intentional [illegible].
Hundreds of testimonials in regard to the efficacy of the medicine from persons of respectability, have been given to the proprietor—but he does not make use of them, as he prefers to have the medicine introduce itself solely by its merits.
Price $1 per bottle [illegible]

JOHN W. MAGILL
NOTARY PUBLIC,
U. S. Commissioner for the Northern District of Illinois,
—AND—
Commissioner of Deeds
For the States and Territories of the U. States,
No. 31 South Clark street, (up stairs.)
Conveyancing in all its branches attended to.
ja22-'58-1y

A. N. HOVEY .... J. N. CRAWFORD.
HOVEY & CRAWFORD,
Commission & Shipping Merchants
Oswego, N. Y.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO the sale of
Wheat, Corn, Flour, or other Produce,
In the Oswego, Albany, Troy, and New York Markets.
Also to the shipment of Grain, Flour and other property, from Oswego to the Eastern markets, with fidelity and dispatch, upon the most reasonable terms.   mh11-3m-[illegible]

BLODGETT PAPER CO.,
73 Randolph Street.
THIS COMPANY HAVE RESOURCES that enable them to sell Wall Paper, at retail, as low as other dealers pay for the same at wholesale. For instance, such Papers as are sold at

12½ cents, they sell at	6 and	8 cents.
25 "	12	15
37 "	[illegible]	[illegible]
50 "	[illegible]	[illegible]
75 "	[illegible]	[illegible]
100 "	[illegible]	[illegible]
125 "	[illegible]	[illegible]
150 "	[illegible]	[illegible]
200 "	[illegible]	[illegible]

Liberal discount from the above prices to wholesale dealers.
mh10-3m-[illegible]   WM. M. SHAW, Agent.

Notice to Teamsters and Laborers.
I HAVE IN THE VICINITY OF THE South Branch Canal a number of
Residence Lots,
That I will exchange for LABOR; or I will receive ONE-TENTH in labor, and the balance in nine annual installments, with 6 per cent. interest. The labor will consist of excavating to the depth of two feet, and hauling about 600 feet, for which 25 cents per cubic yard will be allowed. I have also several 2½ and 5 acre Blocks near Bridgeport, that I am willing to dispose of in the same way.
For further particulars, inquire at the office of the South Branch Canal Company, 73 Dearborn street; or of
W. L. SAMPSON.
ja7   Upon the Company's ground.

RUBBER HOSE, OF ALL SIZES, FURNISHED at manufacturers' prices, by their agents,
JNO. H. IDESON & CO.,
ja17-1y   20 South Water st., cor. Dearborn.

150 CARBOYS OIL VITRIOL, IN store and for sale by
ja15   BO[illegible] & CO.

Wanted.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A GENTLEMAN and lady, in a private family where there are no other boarders. A liberal price will be paid. [illegible]

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG man as a Salesman. Has had five years experience in the Grocery and Dry Goods business. [illegible]

WANTED—$25,000 FOR FIVE YEARS. Undoubted real estate security given. [illegible]

$3000.—THE ABOVE AMOUNT [illegible] to per cent. interest will be paid, secured by real estate [illegible] "Jackson, Box [illegible]."

WANTED—$2,000—AN ACTIVE PARTNERSHIP, by a reliable [illegible]

HOUSE AND LOT WANTED, WITHIN 15 minutes' walk of the City Hall, [illegible] "C., Box 1[illegible]."

WANTED—A HOME FOR A LITTLE [illegible]

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A GOOD HOUSE, with all the modern improvements, in the North Division, [illegible]

WANTED—A SITUATION AS STATIONARY Engineer. [illegible] Address, "F. M. C." at this office.

SITUATION WANTED—A SITUATION as Teacher of Painting and Drawing, [illegible] High School, is wanted by a young lady [illegible] Box [illegible] P. O., Peoria, Ill.

WANTED—EASTERN BANK NOTES at a premium. Also, Notes of Broken Banks, Virginia, Maryland and Delaware, [illegible] purchased by   C. H. [illegible]

Board and Boarding.

151 STATE STREET—BOARDING.—A gentleman and wife, or three gentlemen, can have front rooms, with board, at 151 State street.

84 ADAMS STREET.—BOARDING.—A few single gentlemen can be accommodated with board and pleasant rooms at 84 Adams street, [illegible] State and Clark sts.

57 MICHIGAN AVENUE.—BOARD.—Rooms at 57 Michigan Avenue, [illegible] Also, day board.

To Let or Lease.

FOR RENT—STEAM POWER AND Warerooms on Canal st. [illegible]
VINCENT, HIMROD & CO.

TO RENT—NEW HOUSE NEAR UNION Park. Rent $12 per month. [illegible]

TO RENT—ELEGANT ROOMS, 24X100 feet (lighted on three sides), on the 2d and 3d floors of the Marble Block, No. 16 Lake street, [illegible] Paige & Co., No. 16 Lake st.

FOR RENT—BRICK WAREHOUSE NOS. 210 and 212 South Water street, [illegible]

FOR RENT—FROM FIRST OF MAY—a first class Residence [illegible] Apply to Geo. W. [illegible]

TO HOUSE OWNERS—THE ADVERTISER wishes to [illegible]

FOR RENT OR SALE—ON VERY REASONABLE TERMS [illegible]

FOR RENT OR SALE, VERY LOW—[illegible]

A WELL-FURNISHED HOUSE [illegible]

TO LET—A VERY DESIRABLE [illegible]

FOR RENT—A ROOM 38X50 FEET, with Steam Power, [illegible]

TO RENT—STORE NO. 74 LAKE STREET, [illegible] Marble Block on Lake Street, [illegible] Apply to SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., No. 74 Lake st.

General Notices.

FOR SALE—20 SHARES OF THE [illegible] BANK STOCK. [illegible]

SALE OF PEWS.—THE PEWS IN THE Third Presbyterian Church, [illegible]

FOR SALE—SCHOONERS ELLEN WILLIAMS and J. S. NEWHOUSE, [illegible]

UNCLAIMED PROPERTY.—WE HAVE in office, uncalled for, a MONEY PACKAGE [illegible]
AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

NOTICE—ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY warned, that the undersigned [illegible]

FOR SALE AT A LOW FIGURE—[illegible] of Cavendish, [illegible]
HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.

POSTPONEMENT—THE OPENING OF the proposals [illegible]

OFFICE FOR AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.—J. P. Putnam, [illegible] New York. [illegible]

MONEY.—THE SUBSCRIBER [illegible]

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—[illegible]

Copartnerships, &c.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—WE HAVE this day associated Mr. CHARLES [illegible]

NOTICE.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name and style of Culver & Co., [illegible]

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day [illegible]

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the style of [illegible]

COPARTNERSHIP—THE UNDERSIGNED [illegible]

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—THE [illegible]

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP [illegible]

A CARD.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS PLACED HIS Legal business in the hands of [illegible]

Legal Notice.
EASTMAN, BEVERIDGE & LOWE, Attorneys, [illegible]

Cough Troches.
AN EXCELLENT LOZENGE OF OUR own make, for Coughs, Colds [illegible]

4000 GALS. BLEACHED WINTER WHALE OIL, [illegible]
SAWYER, PAIGE & CO.,
mh7   No. 16 Marble Block, Lake st.

Wanted.

[illegible]

oard and Boarding

[illegible]

To Let or Lease

[illegible]

General Notices.

[illegible]

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ILLUSTRATED RAILWAY GUIDE,
FOR MARCH, 1858.
Price, Twenty-five Cents.

[illegible]

D. APPLETON & Co., Publishers,
346 & 348 Broadway.

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BRIGHTLY'S UNITED STATES DIGEST.—An Analytical Digest of the laws of the United States, from the adoption of the Constitution to the end of the XXXIVth Congress. [illegible] Price only $6.

(From Hon. R. B. Taney, Chief Justice of U. S.)

"It is a work of much value and well executed. [illegible]"

(From Hon. R. C. Grier, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.)

"The work does honor not only to the learning and industry of the author, but to the publishers for the very handsome manner in which it is executed. [illegible]"

(From Hon. Isaac F. Redfield, Chief Justice of Vermont.)

"I esteem it a most excellent work of the class."

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Destroyed by Fire!

FREEMAN'S ILLINOIS DIGEST—BEING a full and complete Digest and Compilation of all the Decisions of the Supreme Court of the State of Illinois, [illegible]

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60 Copies Saved!

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Portland Block, corner Dearborn st.

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148 Lake street.

Blank Books and Stationery.

NEW FIRMS AND OTHERS WISHING anything in the above line, will find the best assortment in the city at No. 122 Lake street.
A. H. BURLEY & CO.

1858 .... Diaries 1858

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLAYTON'S, FRANCIS and LOUTREL'S, and others, for sale [illegible]
A. H. BURLEY & CO.

TAX RECEIPT BOOKS—CONTAINING [illegible]
A. H. BURLEY & CO.

MONTHLY BALANCE BOOKS—AS- [illegible]
A. H. BURLEY & CO.

FANCY INKSTANDS—IN GREAT VARIETY, for sale by
A. H. BURLEY & CO.

GOLD PENS—DAWSON, WARREN & HYDE'S, and Morton's, for sale by
A. H. BURLEY & CO.

LAWYER'S DOCKETS—VARIOUS [illegible]
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JUSTICE'S DOCKETS—FOR SALE BY
A. H. BURLEY & CO.

LAWYER'S POCKET DOCKETS—VERY convenient [illegible]
A. H. BURLEY & CO., 122 Lake street.

MUCILAGE! MUCILAGE!—FOR SALE [illegible]
A. H. BURLEY & CO.

Watches, Jewelry, &c.

H. Folsom,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry,
COR. LAKE AND CLARK ST., CHICAGO.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND A RICH STOCK of Diamond Ear-Drops, Diamond Pins, Diamond Rings [illegible]

JEWELRY SETTS,
[illegible]
WATCHES,
[illegible]
GOLD CHAINS,
Guard, Fob, Vest and Chatelaine
[illegible]
Silver and Plated Ware.
[illegible]

Watches, Jewelry and Clocks.
S. BRUENN,
No. 51 South Clark St., Chicago, Ill.
Between Lake and Randolph sts.

BY RECENT ARRIVALS FROM AMERICAN and European [illegible]

B-R-O-N-C-H-I-A-L T-R-O-C-H-E-S

THESE COUGH AND VOICE LOZENGES [illegible]

PUBLIC SPEAKERS AND SINGERS [illegible]

B-R-O-W-N-'-S B-O-S-T-O-N

NOTICE.
THE PAST EIGHTEEN MONTHS' EXPERIENCE [illegible]
COOK & McLAIN, 80 Dearborn street [illegible]

TO CONTRACTORS.
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF [illegible]

Special Notices.

DR. H. JAMES discovered, while in the East Indies, a certain cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and General Debility. The remedy was discovered by him when his only child, a daughter, was given up to die. He had heard much of the wonderful restorative and healing qualities of preparations made from the East India Hemp, and the thought occurred to him that he might make a remedy for his child. He studied hard, and succeeded in realizing his wishes. His child was cured, and is now alive and well. He has since administered the wonderful remedy to thousands of sufferers in all parts of the world, and there is not a single symptom of consumption that it does not at once take hold of and dissipate. Night-sweats, peevishness, irritation of the nerves, failure of memory, difficult expectoration, sharp pains in the lungs, sore throat, chilly sensations, nausea at the stomach, inaction of the bowels, wasting away of the muscles. It purifies all the fluids, and corrections in the shortest reasonable period; it nourishes the patient who is too much reduced to partake of ordinary food; it strengthens, braces and vitalizes the brain; it heals, as if by magic, all internal sores, tubercles, ulcers and inflammations; it stimulates, but is not followed by a reaction; it at once obviates emaciation, building up waste flesh and muscle, as the rain revives and enhances the growth of the grass. It is without a rival as a tonic, and it immediately supplies electricity, or magnetic force (as if it were a battery, to every part of the enfeebled and prostrate body. The undersigned has never failed in making those who have tried it completely healthy and happy. Price $2 per bottle. Those who have a particle of doubt as regards the above statements, or who do not feel able to purchase the medicine, will have a recipe, containing full instructions for making and successfully using, and a history of the discovery, sent free of postage on receipt of their address.

Address DR. H. JAMES,
No. 19 Grand st., Jersey City, N. J.

CAUTION.—The great success which has attended the introduction of Dr. James' East India medicines to the public, has stimulated the cupidity of numerous imposters, both in Eastern and Western cities, and accordingly those spurious imitations are unblushingly advertised as East India remedies, in order to deceive people into the belief that they were gotten up by me. The genuine Cannabis Indica is given to be had, with "Dr. H. James, No. 19 Grand street, Jersey City, N. J.," blown in the glass. There is no member of my family authorized to sell my medicines, nor is the recipes sent from any other place than my residence. I have no agent in Chicago.

DR. JAMES' only Genuine Extract of Cannabis Indica Depot, is now at 141 State street, Chicago, where all orders will be promptly filled by addressing
DR. G. S. GILBERT,
141 State street, Chicago, Illinois.
[P. O. Box 1582.]

MORSE'S INDIAN ROOT PILLS COUNTERFEITED.—Merchants and Traders will be on their guard, and not be imposed upon by a counterfeit of Morse's Indian Root Pills, signed A. B. MOORE. All genuine Indian Root Pills have the name and signature of A. J. WHITE & Co. on each box.

J. H. Reed & Co. have been selling the Pill signed A. B. Moore, and we have taken away from them our agency for the genuine Pills. Never buy Morse's Indian Root Pills without finding the name of A. J. White & Co. on the wrapper.
A. J. WHITE & CO.,
50 Leonard street, New York.

We supply the following Druggists in Chicago:

Bolles, Smith & Co.	Barkley Bros.
Penton & Robinson.	Furnham & Smith.
O. F. Fuller,	Thomas Lord.

Facts cannot be questioned, when the people of any country bear testimony in mass, as in the case of Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Not only have we his individual evidence of the fact, but almost every paper in the Union is commenting upon the great benefit derived from the use of these celebrated Bitters, besides the many Diplomas awarded them, among which is one from the Ohio Mechanics' Institute, at their Thirteenth Annual Exhibition at Cincinnati, where the Committee was composed chiefly of Physicians in the city. These are all weighty facts, that cannot help but convince the most incredulous that it is at least worthy of trial. For Dyspepsia, in any form, these Bitters are a certain cure when used as per directions on bottle. For sale by druggists and dealers generally.

WRITE H. C. Bartman & Co., of Buffalo, N. Y., for Circulars, describing the most wonderfully simple and effective Sewing Machine in the world. See advertisement in another column.

It is an established fact that Dr. Sanford's Invigorator will cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice and General Debility. Many people, personally known to us, whose word cannot be doubted, have given their certificates to prove this; and with such a mass of evidence, who can doubt.

It is truly the invalid's friend, and will give relief when all other remedies fail; and in some instances that have come under our observation, it seemed the means of snatching its victim from the grave. We wish all our readers who need medicine would try one bottle, for it will surely give relief. (See advertisement.)

TO CURE A COLD—A RECIPE THAT RARELY EVER FAILS.—Now, while winter, with its attendant Colds and Coughs, is with us, we think a remedy that will relieve such visitations should be highly prized, and all who know the worth of this remedy will do as we do—prize it dearly. Take a double dose of Dr. Sanford's Invigorator, and it will give greater relief than any other medicine we ever tried, for we have rarely to repeat the dose to be entirely free from cough, and as soon as the lungs have time to throw off the collected matter, the cure is complete. As a family medicine, for the cure of Bowel Diseases, Worms, Derangement of the Stomach and Liver, we can recommend it knowingly. (See advertisement.)

ARTIFICIAL LEGS.—D. COWLES & CO., Proprietors and Manufacturers of Wilson's Patent Artificial Leg—the best and most perfect Leg ever invented. The first premium received and diploma awarded by the Cook County Agricultural Society, held at Chicago in the Fall of 1857. Patent granted Sept. 30th, 1856. Manufactory, 104 Lake street, corner of Wells, Room No. 13, Merchants' Exchange. P. O. Box 2362.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS. Prepared by Dr. Cornelius L. Cheeseman, M.D., New York City. The combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, disturbed sleep which arise from interruption of nature.

TO MARRIED LADIES they are invaluable, as they will bring on the monthly period with regularity.

NOTICE.—They should not be used during Pregnancy, as a miscarriage would certainly result therefrom.

Warranted purely vegetable, and free from anything injurious to life or health. Explicit directions, which should be read, accompany each box. Price $1. Sent by mail by enclosing $1 to the General Agent.

R. B. HUTCHINGS,
General Agent for the United States,
162 Broadway, New York.

PENTON & ROBINSON, 15 South Water st.
PENTON, FISHER & CO., 54 Lake st.
BOLLES, SMITH & CO.
FAHNESTOCK & DAVIS, 131 Randolph st.
Wholesale Agents for Chicago.

DOCTOR THOMSON'S Grand Anatomical, Pathological, Surgical and Microscopic Museum, adjoins his office, on the same floor, at 239 Lake street, Chicago, Ill. These models are from Mons. Thibert's Grand Anatomical Museum, in Paris, and have been obtained at great expense. Ladies admitted exclusively on Wednesdays only, from 12 M. to 4 P.M. In the evening, gentlemen of wealth admittance, 25 cents. Dr. Thomson's patients admitted free of charge. Boys and children never admitted.

PROFESSOR HASKELL'S ELECTRIC OIL.—A supply of this wonderful and celebrated remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Rheumatism, Deafness, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Humors and Sores, relieving all pains in from three to twenty minutes. For Chronic Rheumatism it has positively no rival. Thousands of testimonials of its remarkable cures all over the land, stamp it as the only real remedy for the suffering and afflicted. Messrs. Penton & Robinson, Wholesale Druggists, 15 Water street, Chicago, are the agents here. For sale at retail by all Druggists. Try everything else, then get one paper and be relieved.

LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE. The attention of Hotel Keepers, Proprietors of Eating Houses, Caterers for Clubs, Messrooms, and Private Families is commended to a trial of LEA & PERRINS' famous Worcestershire Sauce. This condiment, by its own merits has attained the highest rank as a pleasant, palatable, and stimulating Sauce, applicable to soup, fish, hot and cold meats, game, &c. &c., is extensively used in all quarters of the globe. [illegible]

JOHN DUNCAN & SONS,
405 Broadway, New York,
Sole Agents in the United States for Lea & Perrins.

BRYANT & STRATTON'S MERCANTILE COLLEGE. This is one of the best institutions in the country, and the very best place for young men to spend their winter evenings. P. R. Spencer's Writing Classes are now in progress. Students can enter at any time, day or evening. Ladies' Class from 2 to 4 P.M. See advertisement in another column. Rooms, 85 Clark street, opposite Court House.

REMOVAL!
SAWYER, PAIGE & CO.
Have removed to
16 .... Lake Street 16
(MARBLE BLOCK)
ONE BLOCK FROM GREAT CENTRAL DEPOT,
Where they will continue the
Wholesale and Retail Drug Business,
WITH UNEQUALLED FACILITIES.
[illegible]

FAY & CO.'S MACHINERY DEPOT.
Ten Woodworth Planers,
FIFTY-FIVE FARRAR'S PLANERS,
Twenty-five Sash and Molding Machines,
20 TENONING MACHINES,
TWENTY SCROLL SAWS,
TWENTY-FIVE SIDING SAWS,
TEN STEAM ENGINES,
LEATHER BELTING, RUBBER BELTING, HOSE TRUCKS, &c.
Constantly on hand, and for sale at Fay & Co.'s Machine Depot, 140 South Water street, two doors from Clark.
W. H. DOANE, Agent.

Wonder of the World.
THE GREAT SECRET REVEALED.—The undersigned has, after a great expense, procured a receipt for CURLING THE HAIR, causing it to wave and curl about the head in the most beautiful manner. The receipt will be sent to any person inclosing one dollar in a letter, addressed to DR. A. FRANTZ, Monroe, Wis.

RUBBER GOODS OF ALL KINDS, INCLUDING Horse Covers, Fire Buckets, Coats, Hats, Toys, Druggists' Articles, wholesale and retail, at manufacturers' prices, by
JNO. B. IDESON & CO.,
98 South Water st., cor. Dearborn.

DAILY TRIBUNE.

MONDAY MORNING .... MARCH 15.

DEATH.

FROM SCHILLER'S "WILLIAM TELL."

(Translated for the Chicago Tribune.)

Suddenly steps before us Death;
There is to him no respite given;
It fells him midway in the path,
It tears him forth from fullest living.
Prepared or not, the Judge to stand—
He summons before the Judge's hand.

Excitement at Cuyahoga Falls.

Armed Mutiny of the Women—Sacking of Saloons—A Cataract of Whisky, Ale, &c.—Rise in the Cuyahoga.

On Saturday morning last at Cuyahoga Falls, near Akron, Ohio, a large number of women, having previously equipped themselves with axes, hatchets, hammers, &c., formed in column for an assault upon whisky in its entrenchments. Their first point of attack was upon a saloon kept by Captain I. Lewis, over the Post Office. Ascending the stairs they found the gates closed and bolted; but they instantly battered them through, and effecting a lodgment within the walls, proceeded to demolish jugs, bottles, &c., and to remove to the street below, a barrel of rum, which was emptied into the ditch.

Next they proceeded to the store of Mr. J. L'Hommedieu, immediately under the saloon. Mr. L'H. had, however, removed a portion, or all of the liquors from his cellar to a smoke-house in the rear. This was soon discovered, and the smoke-house invested; a heavy siege train opened on it. While the proprietor in front was parleying, a breach was made in the rear of the magazine, and some daring women in the crowd clove the barrel head with the battle-axe, and Otard brandy flowed in a small torrent.

Mr. L'H. was seen at the window in the rear of his store, in an attitude indicating further resistance, when a billet of wood, whether hurled by male or female hand we did not learn, passed through the window, grazing his hat. It is said that if it had struck three inches lower it would probably have caused serious, if not fatal injury.

They proceeded next to Mr. John Tait's, who received them with extreme politeness, furnishing a collation of dough-nuts and pies, and invited them to examine his premises. They found nothing except few gallons of beer, the remnant of a barrel, which they poured out.

At Brockwell's, where ale had been sold, they found nothing whatever. Next they passed to Johns' "Variety Store" near the lower bridge. He had prepared for the attack, and removed his liquors to the rear, and covered the casks, &c., with litter. While he was parleying with the main body, a detachment made a detour to the rear of the premises, and soon dislodged some two or three barrels of whisky, which, presto, was poured out, and ran in a cascade over the cliff, into the rocky chasm of the Cuyahoga, increasing the volume of *liquid* which pours over the precipitous rocks in the channel.

They next proceeded to Lindsey's on the other side of the street, near the bridge, but the whisky had escaped. They emptied a few bottles, which, however, it is said contained nothing but water.

They returned up the street, and halted at the American House, the proprietor of which protests it was by far the most riotous assemblage that ever got within the house. Demanding admittance to the cellar, which was refused, the demonstration became formidable.

Major Wetmore, one of the magistrates, in pursuance of the statute, "made proclamation in the hearing of the offenders, commanding them in the name of the State of Ohio to disperse and depart to their several homes or lawful employments." The insurgent spirit was too high to be suppressed in this way, but an armistice was at length brought about, the landlord pledging his honor to sell no intoxicating liquors to the people of the town.

Heath's drug store was next visited; they found the doors fast; preparations were made within, we learn, to employ various chemical compounds not commonly used in warfare, if the place had been carried by assault. But on receiving an assurance similar to that given at the Hotel, the besiegers withdrew.

The whole of these successive movements occupied about three hours. During this time, the excitement was excessive. The only formidable actual resistance was made by a champion of the garrisons, who caught his hat full of whisky as it flowed from a bung-hole, and threw it upon the assailing force; a fire which created great confusion in the columns for a moment, but they closed up and advanced in good order.

The names of the leaders of the force as given us, are of high respectability. They prudently kept their own counsels, their husbands even, not having the plan and time of assault confided to them.—*Akron Beacon.*

Improvement of the St. Clair Flats.

Soon after Congress assembled, on the 17th of December, Hon. Israel T. Hatch gave notice of a bill making an appropriation of $55,000 for the further improvement of the St. Clair Flats, and this bill he brought in some two weeks after. No action has yet been taken upon it, but the indications are that it will pass without much difficulty.

In the year 1855, Col. J. D. Graham, of the Topographical Engineers, made an examination of the subject, and submitted a very full report of his observations. In speaking of the necessity and importance of the work, he stated that during that year the value of the articles of commerce and navigation which passed over these Flats amounted to the immense sum of $253,721,455.50; or, during the navigable season, $1,120,223.72 per day. But, from estimates made at the Custom House in this city, the value of the articles of commerce and the navigation passing over in the year 1857 amounted to more than $300,000,000, or an increase of over twenty per cent. in two years. Now, every dollar of this immense amount of property has been imperilled by its passage over the Flats. Many vessels, when the water was low, have been obliged to lay to during the night, as it was dangerous to attempt a passage at that time. There has also been a large outlay in tug service, which has been no small item to subtract from the net earnings. All this, however, would be obviated by dredging the channel proposed, estimates and plans of which were submitted by Col. Graham.

The estimates submitted were two. One was for a channel 300 feet wide, 12 feet deep, and 3,940 feet long, with two parallel piers, as a permanent protection to the channel-way, running the whole length. This would cost $502,458.43. The other estimate was for a channel 600 feet wide, 12 feet deep, and two piers as before. The cost of this would be $532,991.68. Thus it will be seen the cost of a channel 600 feet in width would be only about $30,000 more than one of 300 feet in width.

Neither of these plans was adopted in full. The cost of the piers alone amounted to over $400,000, while the cost of the dredging was less than $100,000. It was thought that no piers could be erected which would be permanent; the force of ice and of the winds and waves would destroy them in a very few years. Therefore these piers were dispensed with, and the remaining portions of the last estimate were adopted. By making the bottom of the channel of a concave form, all abrasion of the sides would be obviated, which was the purpose sought in constructing the piers. In conformity with the plan, a contract was taken last summer by Mr. T. D. Barton, of Buffalo. He has already excavated one cut the whole length of the channel, and 40 feet in width, and has another cut of the same width running along by the side of it for the whole length except about one hundred feet. As soon as the spring opens he will resume operations with four dredging machines and a steam tug, and, if necessary, he will have two. He will continue operations until the whole of the last appropriation is consumed. But it is hoped that Mr. Hatch's bill will pass before that time, and if it should, Mr. Barton will continue his operations on the same contract. The $55,000 now asked for will probably be sufficient to complete the whole of the proposed work. As soon as work, which is insignificant in itself, but almost boundless in the good results that will follow from it, shall be completed, the commerce of the West will receive an impetus it has not experienced since the opening of the Erie Canal. Col. Graham estimated that the value of property and merchandise passing over the Flats would increase thereby fifty per cent. in one year.

That's So.

Penitents at the religious revivals, now so prominent a feature in New York city, are allowed only five minutes in which to make a public confession of their sins. The regulation is extremely ill adapted to the meridian of New York. If confessions decently complete are desired the "ten hour rule" would be more to the purpose. Imagine, for instance, Bennett, of the *Herald*, or Booby Brooks, of the *Express*, confessing their sins in the ridiculous space of *five minutes!* Why, it would take the latter a month to acknowledge half the lies he told about John C. Fremont, and as for Bennett, the old sinner, he might appropriately devote the remainder of his life to confessions.—*Springfield Journal.*

BANK NOTES WITH FORGED SIGNATURES IN CIRCULATION.—At the close of the past week a number of bills, mostly fives, on the Bank of North America, at Clinton, Indiana, having spurious signatures, were put in circulation, and many of them were passed, as hardly any one but a banker would discover their spuriousness.—*Missouri Democrat.*

ONLY twelve newspapers, out of seventy-three, in New Jersey, support the Lecompton Constitution.

Hamlin's Reply to Hammond, of South Carolina.

The telegraph, last Thursday, gave us a synopsis of the first half of Senator Hamlin's triumphant reply to Hammond, of S. C., but it failed to forward the last half. The following sketch will supply the omission:

ADMISSION OF KANSAS.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Mr. Hamlin, (opp.) of Me., then resumed his remarks on the bill for the admission of Kansas under the Lecompton Constitution. Mr. Hamlin having finished his defence of Northern laborers, proceeded to examine Mr. Hammond's assertion that the wealth of the nation consists in its exports, denying the truth of the proposition, and showing that the hundred millions of dollars worth of cotton exported by the South no more proved that sum represented her surplus profit, after paying all demands, than does the eight hundred millions—the value of Northern manufactures—indicate that amount of surplus wealth. The South consumes all the products of its exports, and yet Mr. Hammond, assuming two hundred and twelve millions as the total exports of the South, claims that amount of surplus wealth. He (Mr. Hamlin) might with as much propriety contend that the amount of the imports show the surplus of wealth, inasmuch as the exports assume the ability to produce enough to balance the imports. Mr. Hamlin proceeded to show the fallacy of both positions, citing numerous statistical tables, giving comparisons of the exports and imports of the South. He next proceeded to examine the true sources of national wealth as indicated by schools, population, agriculture, manufactures, ships, railroads, capacity for war, &c., giving the figures to show the relative strength of the two sections in these resources, which showed on manufactures a net profit of seventy-nine millions to the South, and three hundred and seventy-six millions to the North. As to the capacity to build ships, railroads, and for war, he denied that these were true indices of national greatness, though they were to some extent. Taking them as such he showed by figures a preponderance in the North of ten to one in tonnage, and upwards of five to one in railroads; while to the capacity for war he showed that in the Revolutionary War the North contributed 218,000 men to 71,000 by the South. He admitted that the Southerners were a great people, with respect to a defensive war, but did not think their peculiar institution would be harmless in such an event. How was it with South Carolina in the wars of this country? She was repeatedly asked for men, and always fell short of her quota. In 1779 she was asked for "none," and she furnished it. He did not state these facts to disparage that State—God forbid. But when Southern Senators throw disparagement on the North he felt justified in quoting facts and figures as evidence of what she has done. He then passed to a discussion of the Kansas bill, stating the points which would control his vote. He objected to coupling Minnesota with Kansas. We had already given a pledge to admit her without reference to Kansas. He objected to Mr. Pugh's amendment as inoperative, but accepted Mr. Clark's. Referring to the repeal of the Missouri compromise, he denounced it as a scheme for the extension of slavery and nothing else. He would not tax the Senators who voted for that measure with personal motives, but extension of slavery was palpably the design and intention of that repeal, and we have the result in the measure before us. Considering the question of constitutions, he contended that, until approved by the people, they were not worth the blank paper they were written on. The Lecompton constitution had not been so approved. In fact, the people of Kansas, on the 4th of January, rejected it by an overwhelming majority, and would have spat upon it, and we are now attempting to force it upon the people of Kansas under the forms of law. The Son of Man was crucified under the forms of law, and no act, save that of crucifixion, could equal the turpitude of this.

The North-Western Frontier.

We are informed that Governor Lowe has received a letter from Spirit Lake, under date of February 25th, stating that a number of Indians were then prowling about that region, and the whites were informed, and believed, that Inkpaduta was among them. The letter was signed by J. Palmer, the agent appointed by the State to recruit the company for the protection of the North-Western frontier, and Orlando C. Howe, County Judge of Dickinson county. Commissary General Richards, of Fort Dodge, writes to the Governor under date of the 28th ult., that he has received similar intelligence from two different sources. Eight Indians, with Little Dog, the son of Little Crow, had visited the settlers with a flag, professing friendship and informing them that Inkpaduta with his band was twelve miles west of them, and that Little Crow was encamped with another band near him,—also that several other small bands were in the neighborhood. The settlers had no confidence in these friendly professions, and believed that the Indians were gathering on the border, and would make an attack as soon as bad roads and swollen streams would render it difficult to send aid from the interior. Another letter has been received from General Richards, bearing date of March 2d, stating that Capt. Martin had just started with thirty-one men to the frontier. The company had been armed from the military stores at Fort Dodge, and were as well equipped as the brief time given for the preparation would permit. Capt. Martin has been ordered to act with prudence, and to take offensive steps against none but Inkpaduta's band. All the Indians in that region will be commanded to leave the State immediately. If Inkpaduta is there, an attempt will be made to arrest him. There are a number of the members of the guards who know him and every Indian connected with him in the outrages of last spring.—*Des Moines (Iowa) Citizen.*

Physicians, &c.

DR. R. C. HAMILL,
HAVING RETURNED FROM SPENDING the Winter South, will be found at his residence,
255 Wabash Avenue,
between Jackson and Van Buren streets, two doors north of the Mercy Hospital, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

J. G. FULLER .... WM. ALBAUGH.
DRS. FULLER & ALBAUGH,
DENTISTS.—OFFICE NO. 58 WEST RANDOLPH street, Chicago, Ill. [illegible]
CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.

BOSTON ORTHOPEDIC INSTITUTION, for the treatment of Club Feet, Curvatures of the Spine and other deformities of the Human Frame. J. B. Brown, M. D., and B. Brown, M. D., Surgeons. [illegible]

REMOVAL.—DR. ALLPORT has removed his office and residence to No. 22 Washington street, near the Second Presbyterian Church.

FRENCH DENTAL SURGEON
DOCTOR HENRI NORIOS
OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the citizens of Chicago, having had seventeen years' experience in New York city, feels confident of pleasing all who may favor him with their patronage. [illegible]
Rooms over Ross & Foster's, No. 160 Lake street.

EYE AND EAR.
DR. POLLOK, OCCULIST AND AURIST, continues to receive patients at his office, and may be consulted by those who are affected with Blindness, Deafness, or any form of disease of the Eye or Ear. [illegible]
Office hours from 8 to 12 A. M., and from 2 to 4 P. M.
OFFICE, 46 SOUTH CLARK STREET, Opposite the Court House.

REMOVAL.—E. A. BOGUE, D. D. S., has removed his office to No. 141 Lake street, where he will be pleased to wait upon all those requiring Dental operations.

CHICAGO
Homoeopathic Pharmacy and Bookstore,
108 Clark Street.
THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER, AT WHOLESALE and retail, a complete assortment of Medicines, Books, Cases, and all other articles required in the Homoeopathic practice by physicians and families. [illegible]
COWELL & HALSEY.

NEW MARKET.
RUDOLPH WEHRLI HAS VACATED HIS stall in the old South Market, and now occupies his NEW MARKET, just erected in front of his residence, 55 WASHINGTON STREET, between State and Dearborn, [illegible]

GOODYEAR'S PATENT VULCANIZED INDIA RUBBER BELTING & PACKING, for sale at Eastern prices, by the manufacturers' agents, 98 South Water street.
JNO. B. IDESON & CO.

MATTISON'S ELASTIC SYRINGES.—New styles of decided improvement. A supply just received by J. H. REED & CO., Druggists and Apothecaries, 144 & 146 Lake st.

SHALLENBERGER'S PILLS—ANTIDOTE for Fever and Ague—to be had genuine of SARGENT & ILSLEY, Apothecaries, 140 Lake street.

Pure Confectionary.
STUART'S CANDIES, FRENCH GUM DROPS and CREAM DROPS. A fresh supply just received by J. H. REED & CO., Druggists and Apothecaries, 144 & 146 Lake st.

250 BXS SOAP ON CONSIGNMENT.
MARSH, HARWOOD & CO.,
99 South Water street.

Miscellaneous.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF FURNITURE
At 230 Lake Street.
WIDMAYER & WENZEL'S ENTIRE STOCK,
Consisting of about
$15,000 Worth of Parlor,
Chamber and Plain Furniture,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROSEWOOD AND MAHOGANY
PARLOR SUITS, ETC.,
Are now offered to the public at LESS THAN COST. The business must be closed within sixty days.
Purchasers will save 25 to 40 per Cent.
[illegible]
WHOLESALE CASH BUYERS AND MANUFACTURERS
is also invited. Also a large assortment of
Fancy Moldings,
Veneers,
Mahogany Plank,
CABINET MAKERS' HARDWARE, ETC.,
At Eastern Price.
G. HUDINGHOUSEN.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.
DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS,
For Females,
ARE INFALLIBLE FOR REMOVING STOPPAGES OR IRREGULARITIES OF THE MENSES. [illegible]
THOMAS LORD,
[illegible]
PENTON & ROBINSON,
15 South Water street,
to whom all orders must be addressed. [illegible]

The Record of the Year.

THE AMERICAN ALMANAC AND REPOSITORY OF USEFUL KNOWLEDGE, for the Year 1858. 12mo. Nearly 400 pages. Price $1 in paper. [illegible]

The AMERICAN ALMANAC [illegible]

For sale by CARNES & WILSON,
134 Lake st., Chicago.

FRUITS! FRUITS! FRUITS!
L. A. TALCOTT,
NO. 63 RANDOLPH STREET
Has on hand, and is constantly receiving,
APPLES, ORANGES, LEMONS, CONFECTIONARY,
Nuts, Cigars, Preserves, &c.

W. T. SHUFELDT & CO.,
Office, No. 210 South Water Street,
DISTILLERS OF
Alcohol — 98 Per Cent.
PURE SPIRITS, COLOGNE SPIRITS,
AND BURNING FLUID,
Which they offer for sale to the Trade in lots to suit. Orders from the country will be promptly shipped.

TO THE LADIES
And Mercantile Community.
AT THE EARNEST SOLICITATION OF [illegible] COOK & BRO., [illegible]
No. 193 South Clark Street,
[illegible]

N. W. GRAHAM & CO.,
[SUCCESSORS TO ADAMS, GRAHAM & CO.,]
Forwarding Merchants,
And Wharf Boat Proprietors,
CAIRO .... ILLINOIS.
SHIPPING AGENTS OF THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY, and Agents for all Steamers running from and to this point.
RATES FOR FORWARDING, INCLUDING DRAYAGE
(When in quantities of car loads.)
[illegible]
Other articles in proportion.
Cash Advances Made on Property Shipped
TO GRAHAM & BOYLE, NEW ORLEANS.
[illegible]

Cleveland Wooden Ware Store,
NO. 248 SOUTH WATER STREET.
ENOCH H. PAINE HAS ON HAND AND offers for sale, at the
Lowest Price, for Cash,
[illegible]
ENOCH H. PAINE,
248 South Water st.

Chicago Paper Depot,
NO. 46 STATE STREET.
BUTLER & HUNT HAVE NOW ON hand the following sizes of print:
[illegible]
And are receiving a large assortment of BOOK PAPER, 1,000 reams of WRAPPING PAPER of different sizes, 1,000 reams Manilla do., [illegible] reams Cap and Letter, and a general assortment of Printer's stationery, [illegible] kegs of [illegible] celebrated NEWS AND BOOK INK.
All of which will be sold for Cash, at the lowest possible rates.
Cash paid for Rags.

RUFUS BLANCHARD,
52 La Salle Street,
IS NOW OFFERING A FINE COLLECTION of STEEL ENGRAVINGS, in Gilt Frames, at COST PRICES.
A rare chance to get a Good Picture.

PHOENIX REPOSITORY
N. E. Corner State and Adams Sts., Chicago.
FOR THE SALE OF
Horses, Carriages and Harness,
AT PUBLIC AND PRIVATE SALE.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT would respectfully inform the citizens of Chicago, and all persons having property of this description to sell, that they will hold a DAILY AUCTION, as above, commencing at 10 o'clock A.M., for the sale of Horses, Carriages, Wagons, Harness, &c. &c. [illegible]
All property sold by us will be guaranteed as represented.
SUTHERLAND & GOULD, Proprietors.
J. C. KELLY, Auction

ADVERTISING AGENCY,
63 Dearborn st .... Chicago
C. H. SCRIVEN.
GENERAL ADVERTISING AGENT FOR all the leading papers of the West and Northwest. [illegible]
C. H. SCRIVEN,
63 Dearborn st.

REMOVED TO NO. 4, DOLE'S BLOCK.
T. L. Miller's
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY.

LORRILLARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY Of New York City.	
CAPITAL	[illegible]
PHOENIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY Of New York.	
CAPITAL	[illegible]
MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY Of New York City.	
CAPITAL	[illegible]

New Flour Mills.
THE NEW HYDRAULIC FLOUR MILLS are now manufacturing FLOUR OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, expressly for the city trade. The brands are—"MITCHELL'S DOUBLE EXTRA," made from No. 1 White Wheat, and guaranteed to be superior to any other Flour in the city; "HYDRAULIC MILLS CHOICE EXTRA," made from No. 1 Red Wheat; and "HYDRAULIC MILLS EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR," made from Canada Club Wheat.
Either of the above brands of Flour will be found for sale at—
[illegible]
R. M. MITCHELL.

SUGAR—DAILY ARRIVALS OF ALL grades New Orleans Sugar, direct from the plantation, offering at small advance from cost, by
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

Dry Goods.

COOLEY, FARWELL & CO.,
[SUCCESSORS TO COOLEY, WADSWORTH & CO.,]
DRY GOODS JOBBERS,
42, 44 & 46 Wabash Avenue.
WE ARE NOW RECEIVING A FULL assortment of
Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Etc.,
For the Spring Trade.
SMALL PROFITS AND PROMPT PAY will be our motto, and all dealers, particularly cash and short time trade, will find it to their interest to examine our extensive and attractive stock before purchasing elsewhere.

FRASHER & CARR,
124 .... Lake Street 124
Will sell their entire stock of
$60,000 Worth of Dry Goods,
AT PUBLIC AUCTION,
Commencing Monday, Feb. 15th, at 10 o'clock.
Affording the Ladies and Families an opportunity to
BUY SEASONABLE & PERFECT GOODS
Never before offered in Chicago. The stock consists of
Rich Silks, Shawls, Cloaks,
DRESS GOODS, WOOLLENS, LINENS,
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS, DOMESTICS,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c., &c.
All of which will be sold without reserve.
By Order of Assignee.

1858. Spring Trade. 1858.
FIELD, BENEDICT & CO.,
81 & 83 SOUTH WATER ST.,
ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR USUAL LARGE STOCK OF
Broadcloths, Cassimeres,
DOESKINS, TWEEDS,
VESTINGS, SATINETTS, KY. JEANS, COTTONADES,
Coating Linens and Linen Drills,
TAILORS' TRIMMINGS, ETC., ETC.,
To which they invite the attention of the Trade.
AGENTS FOR SCOTT'S REPORT OF FASHIONS.

Fresh Goods at Low Prices.
T. B. CARTER & CO.,
Having just completed their inventory, will offer the balance of their
WINTER DRESS GOODS AND SILKS
WITHOUT REGARD TO COST.
Their Stock of Housekeeping Goods
Is the best in the city and are offered at LOW PRICES.
GOODS ALL FRESH AND WARRANTED DRY.
Terms exclusively Cash.
136 Lake Street.

1858. Spring Styles. 1858.
DRY GOODS AND HATS
AT WHOLESALE.
DAVIS, MOODY & CO.,
41 South Water Street,
(OLD NO. 17.)
ARE NOW RECEIVING A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK, DIRECT FROM
Manufacturers and New York Auctions,
Comprising a full line of desirable
Staple and Fancy Goods,
Which will be offered at
LOW PRICES FOR CASH,
And Buyers entitled to Credit.

J. B. SHAY'S CHEAP STORE,
159 Lake St., Corner of La Salle.
THIRTY DAYS' SALE AT RUINOUS PRICES!
FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
ONE DOLLAR PLAID SILKS,
For Fifty Cents.
TWELVE SHILLING BROCADE SILKS,
For Six Shillings.
THIRTY-FIVE DOLLAR RICH SILKS,
For Twenty Dollars.
TEN SHILLING FRENCH MERINOES,
For Six Shillings.
TWO SHILLING FRENCH DUCALES,
For One Shilling.
FIFTEEN CENT DELAINES,
For Six Pence.
TWENTY DOLLAR BROCHE SHAWLS,
For Twelve Dollars.
TWENTY-FIVE DOLLAR BROCHE SHAWLS,
For Sixteen Dollars.
THIRTY DOLLAR BROCHE SHAWLS,
For Twenty Dollars.
Embroideries and Laces — All at Half Price.
$1 COLLARS, FOR 50 CENTS.
Two Dollar Collars, for One Dollar.
$3 COLLARS, FOR $2.
Our Entire Stock of Cloaks at Half Price.
J. B. SHAY'S CHEAP STORE,
159 Lake street, corner of Lasalle.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
—OF—
$50,000 Worth of Dry Goods!
STACY & THOMAS'
LARGE STOCK OF DRY GOODS
Have been removed to
54 .... Lake Street 54
For the purpose of selling out
At Cost or Less, at Wholesale or Retail,
BY THE PIECE—FOR CASH.
600 Bales Batting,
50 Bales Sheetings,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
C. B. KING,
Assignee.

ELEGANT EVENING SILKS.
W. R. WOOD & CO.,
152 .... Lake Street 152
HAVE IN STORE, AND OFFER FOR SALE, a very rich and extensive assortment of
Evening Dress Silks,
In a great variety of styles, and the latest manufacture. We will offer great inducements in prices, FOR CASH.
They have also received late additions to their general stock, and will receive, daily,
NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS,
which they will sell lower than ever.
W. R. WOOD & CO.

Great Sacrifice in
Fancy & Staple Dry Goods.
T. B. CARTER & CO.,
WILL OFFER FOR THE NEXT THIRTY days their entire stock of
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS
AT COST FOR CASH,
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Great Bargains are now offered.
T. B. CARTER & CO.
136 Lake street.

FORCED SALE OF DRY GOODS
—AT—
NO. 82 LAKE STREET.
HIGGINBOTHAM & WHITE
Will offer their entire stock
At Greatly Reduced Prices from Prime Cost,
FROM
MONDAY, NOVEMBER NINTH INST.,
UNTIL THE STOCK IS DISPOSED OF.
WE CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUR
Embroideries and Laces,
Which will be sold at Less than they Cost in Europe.
HIGGINBOTHAM & WHITE,
82 LAKE STREET.

50 BALES WADDING—FOR SALE BY
BOWEN BROTHERS.

SHOULDER BRACES, TRUSSES AND SUPPORTERS, of new and improved kinds. For sale by J. H. REED & CO., 144 & 146 Lake st.

Carpetings.

MUST BE SOLD,
For Cash!
$150,000 WORTH
—OF—
CARPETINGS,
CURTAIN MATERIALS,
AND FURNISHING GOODS,
—AT—
Beecher, Hollister & Wilkins'
CARPET HALL
135 . Lake Street . 135
We shall commence
ON MONDAY, NOVEMBER SECOND,
TO CLOSE OUT
OUR ENTIRE STOCK
—AT—
An Immense Sacrifice!!
PRESENTING A RARE CHANCE
To Secure Great Bargains,
FOR CASH ONLY.
STORE TO RENT.
Beecher, Hollister & Wilkins,
135 .... LAKE STREET 135

Furniture & Upholstery.

NEW CARPETS!
JOHN WEST.
197 - Lake Street. - 197
IS NOW RECEIVING

NEW	BRUSSELS	Carpets,
NEW	VELVET	Carpets,
NEW	TAPESTRY	Carpets,
NEW	THREE-PLY	Carpets,
NEW	INGRAIN	Carpets,
NEW	STAIR	Carpets.

An Entire New Stock of the Newest Patterns,
AT
NEW YORK PRICES.
JOHN WEST.
197 - - - - Lake Street, - - - - 197
PARLOR FURNITURE,
at New York Prices.
CHAMBER FURNITURE,
at New York Prices.
ROSEWOOD FURNITURE,
at New York Prices.
MAHOGANY FURNITURE,
at New York Prices.
WALNUT FURNITURE,
at New York Prices,
John West.
197 . . . . Lake Street. 197
The Largest
AND
Best Assortment of Furniture,
CARPETS & CURTAIN MATERIALS
At New York Prices.
JOHN WEST, 197 Lake Street.

J. E. & H. N. PARSON'S
Fine Furniture
AND UPHOLSTERY WAREROOMS,
Two Doors East of Briggs House.
We would respectfully invite your attention to our large and varied assortment now completing, expressly adapted to the
CITY RETAIL TRADE,
comprising new and elegant designs of
ROSEWOOD PARLOR SUITS,
OAK SIDE-BOARDS—MIRROR DOORS.
Extension Tables and Chairs,
Enamelled Chamber Setts,
ROSEWOOD WARDROBES,
Library Cases and Tables,
IRON BEDSTEADS,
Hall Stands and Chairs, Office Desks,
OVAL AND PIER MIRRORS,
SPRING AND HAIR MATTRESSES,
together with a great variety of
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED FURNITURE.
We manufacture only
WELL MADE GOODS,
and will refund the money for any article not proving as represented. Our facilities enable us to offer every article at
Low and Uniform Prices,
and at as low a rate as inferior work is usually sold in this city.
J. E. & H. N. PARSONS,
117 Randolph Street.

CURTAIN GOODS,
At Cost!
WE HAVE A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
CURTAIN
MATERIALS AND TRIMMINGS
WHICH WE OFFER
At Cost Prices, for Cash,
—AT—
188 Lake Street, Chicago.
BROWN & HILLIARD.

200 BALES BATTS—FOR SALE VERY low by BOWEN BROTHERS, 74 Lake street.

BUFFALO, NIAGARA AND ST. LOUIS Pure White Lead, for sale by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., Wholesale Druggists, 16 Lake street.

HOLLAND'S BEST VIRGINIA PLUG TOBACCO, always on hand by PENTON, FISHER & CO., Druggists, 54 Lake st., cor. Dearborn.

Banking and Exchange

AIKEN & NORTON,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, [illegible]

H. K. WILLARD & YOUNG,
BANKERS AND EXCHANGE, STOCK AND NOTE BROKERS. [illegible]
EXCHANGE ON
NEW YORK,
BOSTON,
PHILADELPHIA,
ST. LOUIS,
CINCINNATI.
For sale by H. K. WILLARD & YOUNG,
71 Dearborn st., near the P. O.

BANK OF STERLING.
B. G. WHEELER & CO., BANKERS, DEALERS IN EXCHANGE AND REAL ESTATE [illegible]

A. T. SHERMAN & CO.,
(Late Sawyer & Kingsbury.)
BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, [illegible]

LANE, SAFFORD & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO DICKERMAN, WHEELER & CO., Bankers, Rockford, Illinois. [illegible]

J. H. ADSIT'S
BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE, 33 Clark street, Chicago. [illegible]

G. C. WHITNEY & SON,
BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE, 32 Clark street, Chicago, [illegible]

ASHLEY & NORRIS,
32 EXCHANGE PLACE .... NEW YORK
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN STOCKS, Bonds, &c.
Prompt attention given to orders by mail.
REFERENCES.
[illegible]

LUDLOW, PATTON & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS, 19 WILLIAM Street, New York. [illegible]

TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK.
REMITTANCES MADE
On the Day Paper Matures.
I HAVE ARRANGED TO PAY NOTES, Drafts and Acceptances in New York, [illegible]

UHRLAUB, SATTLER & CO.,
BANKERS.
22 .... Lasalle Street 22

TAYLOR & KREIGH,
BANKERS,
138 .... Lake Street 138
(MARINE BANK BUILDING.)
DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND LIBERAL accommodations granted to Depositors.
COLLECTIONS MADE AND REMITTED
At Current Rates of Exchange.

F. WOODWARD & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 50 Dearborn Street,
CHICAGO .... ILLINOIS.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND LIBERAL accommodations extended to Customers. [illegible]

ROBERTSON, COLEMAN & CO.,
ROCKFORD .... ILLINOIS.
ROBERTSON, EELLS & CO.,
DIXON .... ILLINOIS.
Bankers and Dealers in Exchange.

Hoffmann & Gelpcke, Bankers,
CHICAGO.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND INTEREST allowed on Special Deposits. [illegible]
EXCHANGE [illegible]
EXCHANGE ON EUROPE, [illegible]
TIME LOANS [illegible]
FRANCIS A. HOFFMANN .... OTTO GELPCKE.

Morford Brothers,
BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, Dealer in Land Warrants, corner of Clark and Lake streets. [illegible]

THE MERCHANTS'
Savings, Loan and Trust Co.
HAVING A CAPITAL OF $500,000 [illegible]
OFFICE—Corner of Lasalle and Water streets.
[illegible]
J. H. DUNHAM, President.
N. E. RANDOLPH, Cashier and Sec'y.

OFFICER & BROTHER, BANKERS,
154 LAKE STREET (MARINE BANK BUILDING)
DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND LIBERAL Accommodations extended to Customers. [illegible]
LAND WARRANTS [illegible]
REFERENCES. [illegible]

NEW STORE.
BURLEY & TYRRELL,
(Late A. G. Burley & Co.)
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS,
Britannia and Silver Plated Ware,
FLUID LAMPS, TABLE CUTLERY,
LOOKING GLASSES, ETC.,
48 Lake Street .... Chicago.
A. G. BURLEY,
JOHN TYRRELL.

REMOVAL!
C. T. ATKINSON
Has removed to the large and splendid Store,
78 .... Lake Street 78
Four Doors West from Old Store,
Where he is prepared to meet his old and new customers with the
Largest and Best Selected Stock in Chicago,
consisting of
DRESS, CLOAK AND EVERY STYLE OF
Trimmings,
EMBROIDERIES—A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT,
FRINGES, GIMPS AND RIBBONS,
FANCY GOODS & TOILET ARTICLES,
—ALSO—
Skirts, of every Style and Quality,
And other articles, of too great a variety to enumerate here.
I shall be receiving daily, SPRING STYLES of many of the above named articles.
N. B.—Upper Floors in the Building to Rent.

CASH ADVANCES ON SHIPMENTS to Hoffman & Gerrens, New York, by [illegible] & CO., Commission Merchants, 222 & 220 S. Water st.

Legal Notices.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, CHARLES WHITCOMB, Alonzo Putney, and Mary Putney, [illegible]

Chicago, February 23d, 1858. GEO. A. INGALLS, Trustee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

WHEREAS JOHN F. FLOYD, GEORGE [illegible]

WILLIAM BRIGGS, Mortgagee.

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County—ss. Cook County Court of Common Pleas, In Chancery.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, [illegible]

L. C. PAINE FREER, Master in Chancery, Cook County, &c.

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY—ss. Cook County Court of Common Pleas, In Chancery.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN [illegible]

L. C. PAINE FREER, Master in Chancery, Cook County, &c.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAVING BEEN made [illegible]

MICHAEL McAULEY.

CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS—COOK COUNTY—ss.

AFFIDAVIT OF THE NON-RESIDENCE [illegible]

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS JAMES GARDNER, JOHN [illegible]

JOHN H. KEDZIE, Trustee.

Master's Sale.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County—ss.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN [illegible]

L. C. PAINE FREER

MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN [illegible]

MARGARETHA ROEHM, Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

WHEREAS, ON THE SECOND DAY of July, [illegible]

HIRAM A. TUCKER, Mortgagee.

[illegible] WILLIAM BLAIR & CO., 176 Lake.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE following described Lots, situated in the city of Chicago, county of Cook and State of Illinois, were sold in Chicago on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1856, [illegible] will expire on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1858. JOHN NUTT.

Chicago, Ill., March 1st, 1858.

MORTGAGE SALE.

WHEREAS, ON THE NINTH DAY OF February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, Robert Holloway, [illegible] Lucius M. Sheldon, [illegible]

Dated at Chicago, this fourth day of March, A. D. 1858.

LUCIUS M. SHELDON.

Insurance Statements.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Home Insurance Company

MADE TO THE AUDITOR OF THE State of Illinois, pursuant to the Statute of that State:

NAME AND LOCATION.

The name of this Company is The Home Insurance Company, incorporated in 1853, and located in the city of New York.

CAPITAL.

The capital of said Company actually paid up in cash, is ... $500,000 00

The surplus on the first day of January, 1858 ... [illegible]

Total amount of capital and surplus ... [illegible]

ASSETS.

[illegible]

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Washington Insurance Company,

MADE TO THE AUDITOR OF PUBLIC [illegible]

[illegible]

Plumbing.

R. D. McFARLANE,

GAS, STEAM FITTING, AND PLUMBING ESTABLISHMENT,

54....LA SALLE STREET....54

CHICAGO.

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT of

Gas Fixtures,

From the Celebrated Manufactory of

CORNELIUS & BAKER,

Always on hand, [illegible] Designs.

PRACTICAL PLUMBER,

And Manufacturer of

ALL KINDS OF STEAM WORK.

[illegible]

HOTELS,

WITH STEAM, WATER AND GAS.

IRON SETTEES, CHAIRS AND VASES FOR GARDEN LAWNS AND VERANDAHS.

COUNTRY ORDERS, PROMPTLY AND FAITHFULLY ATTENDED TO.

TO THE TRADE.

THE TRADE SUPPLIED WITH TOOLS, IRON PIPE FITTINGS, GAS FIXTURES, PLUMBING MATERIALS, AND EVERY ARTICLE IN THE GAS, STEAM-FITTING AND PLUMBING BUSINESS.

54 LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO.

CHICAGO

LEAD PIPE AND SHEET LEAD WORKS.

COLLINS & BLATCHFORD,

MANUFACTURERS OF LEAD PIPE, SHEET AND BAR LEAD,

And Dealers in

PIG LEAD;

AGENTS FOR

Collier White Lead and Oil COMPANY,

AND

St. Louis Shot Tower.

A full assortment of the above manufactures constantly on hand.

ORDERS FROM THE TRADE SOLICITED.

COLLINS & BLATCHFORD, Cor. Clinton and Fulton streets.

Medicines, &c.

JUST PUBLISHED.

THE UNFORTUNATE'S GUIDE, GIVING [illegible]

DR. HUBBELL'S

MEDICAL INFIRMARY,

85 RANDOLPH STREET, 85

Opposite the Revere Hotel.

TO YOUNG MEN AND OTHERS.—NERVOUS [illegible]

THE

LIVER INVIGORATOR!

Prepared by Dr. Sanford.

IS A GREAT SCIENTIFIC MEDICAL [illegible]

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

[illegible]

Price, One Dollar per Bottle.

SANFORD & CO., [illegible]

MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE.

THE OLD ESTABLISHED NORTH-WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY, OF OSWEGO,

HAVE REMOVED THEIR OFFICE TO 150 South Water Street, [illegible]

MERRILL, MASON & CO., Agents.

Cough Troches.

EXCELLENT LOZENGES, OF OUR OWN make, [illegible]

BURNETT'S TOOTH WASH—AT J. H. REED & CO.'S.

TOOTH POWDERS AND WASHES. J. H. REED & CO.

DUTCH METAL, OF EVERY VARIETY [illegible]

Real Estate for Sale.

ERNST PRUSSING,

Real Estate Agent

AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

50....Clark Street—Up Stairs....50

LOTS, FARMS AND LANDS,

Sold on Commission.

Taxes Paid and Rents Collected

For Non-Residents.

GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT AND SOLD.

UNCURRENT MONEY BOUGHT.

Particular Attention Given to Negotiating LOANS.

SIMEON DOWNING & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND LAND [illegible]

A. C. Oertel,

REAL ESTATE AND BILL BROKER, [illegible]

U. S. GOVERNMENT

Land Locating Agency.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING HAD MUCH [illegible] Selecting and Locating Lands [illegible]

LAND WARRANTS OR CASH

[illegible]

And 40 Per Cent. Profit Guaranteed.

IOWA, WISCONSIN AND ILLINOIS LANDS

[illegible]

Western Lands Wanted.

THE SUBSCRIBER, DESIROUS OF EMIGRATING WEST, [illegible]

JOHN S. LITTLE.

For Sale or Rent.

WATER LOTS ON SOUTH BRANCH, [illegible]

GATES, WARNER, CHALMERS & FRASER, Eagle Works.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAIL ROAD.

LANDS FOR SALE.

THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD Company [illegible]

PROF. HASKELL'S

ELECTRIC OIL.

A POSITIVE AND SPEEDY CURE FOR

Rheumatism and Neuralgia,

DEAFNESS, ERYSIPELAS,

Scrofula, Bronchitis, Tetter, Ringworm and

SCALD HEAD,

NERVOUS AND SICK HEAD-ACHES,

CURED IN FROM 2 TO 15 MINUTES.

CORNS, PILES, TOOTH-ACHE, CHRONIC [illegible]

Prices 50c, $1 and $2 per Bottle.

THIS WONDERFUL OIL

[illegible]

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

[illegible]

WRIGHT & McCLURE,

Sextons and Undertakers,

HAVE ON HAND, AT ALL TIMES, EVERY [illegible]

HOLIDAY PRESENTS—INDIA RUBBER [illegible]

PICKLES AND CATSUPS—THE MOST [illegible]

DAVIS' ELECTRO-MAGNETIC MACHINES, [illegible]

50 TCS. NEW RICE FOR SALE BY [illegible]

THERMOMETERS.—GREAT VARIETY, just received. FENTON, FISHER & CO.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS ISAAC SHELBY, JR., DID, [illegible]

Railroads.

Going East.

Mich. Southern & Nor. Ind. R. R.

1857.........WINTER ARRANGEMENT.........1858.

TRAINS LEAVE CHICAGO, AS FOLLOWS, viz: [illegible]

1857. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1858.

VIA MICHIGAN CENTRAL

And Great Western Railway.

TRAINS LEAVE MICHIGAN CENTRAL Depot, Chicago: [illegible]

R. N. RICE, Sup't.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

THE GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE, CONNECTING [illegible]

Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

THREE DAILY TRAINS FROM PITTSBURG TO PHILADELPHIA. [illegible]

AND ALL POINTS IN THE WEST.

Fare as Low as by any other Route.

[illegible]

Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago

RAILROAD.

THIS NEW AND DIRECT ROUTE, NOW [illegible]

Making One Grand, Unbroken Railroad Line BETWEEN CHICAGO AND THE EAST.

Fare as Low as Any Other Route.

Trains Leave Depot, on Van Buren Street, Daily, as Follows:

6:00, A. M. | 8:45, P. M.

With but one Change of Cars to Pittsburgh.

Checking Baggage Through

[illegible]

Going West.

Chicago & Rock Island R. R. Line.

1857. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1858.

FOR IOWA, KANSAS AND NEBRASKA.

No change of Cars between Chicago and Iowa City.

ONLY DIRECT ROUTE FROM CHICAGO [illegible]

Great Western Mail Route.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, JAN'Y 4, [illegible]

Galena and Chicago Union Railroad.

FOR FREEPORT, GALENA, DUNLEITH & ST. PAUL [illegible]

CHICAGO FULTON AND IOWA LINE.

BELOIT AND MADISON BRANCH.

FOX RIVER VALLEY RAILROAD.

[illegible]

Forwarding &c.

1857.

S. S. BALL & CO.,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

PRODUCE, SALT, WATER LIME, PLASTER, &c. &c.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN,

Agents and Proprietors of Ball's line of Steamers ON GRAND RIVER.

[illegible]

100 BBLS. BLEACHED WINTER ELEPHANT OIL, for sale by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., [illegible]

SYRINGES, BREAST PUMPS, NIPPLE [illegible] FENTON, FISHER & CO.

SHEET IRON—2,000 BUNDLES SHEET Iron, [illegible] WILLIAM BLAIR & CO., 176 Lake street.

SYRINGES—INDIA RUBBER, GLASS [illegible] SARGENT & ILSLEY.

TOILET SETTS—MANUFACTURED TO order and for sale by HAMILTON, BROOKS & CO.

Railroads.

Going Southwest.

St. Louis, Alton & Chicago R. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT—OCT. [illegible], 1857.

AIR-LINE ROUTE FROM CHICAGO TO ST. LOUIS, [illegible]

From Chicago to St. Louis, 12 Hours.

CONNECTIONS:

AT CHICAGO—With all the great Eastern and Northern [illegible]

[illegible]

A. H. MOORE, Sup't.

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R.R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT—CHANGE OF TIME—[illegible]

[illegible]

C. G. HAMMOND, Gen'l Sup't.

Going South.

Illinois Central Railroad.

FOR ST. LOUIS, ALTON, LEAVENWORTH City, [illegible]

[illegible]

Illinois Central Railroad.

HYDE PARK SPECIAL TRAIN.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, NOV. 16, THE [illegible]

W. P. JOHNSON, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

FARE FROM CHICAGO TO LOUISVILLE ONLY [illegible]

New Albany and Salem Railroad.

FOR NEW ALBANY, LOUISVILLE, LEX. [illegible]

Only one change of Cars between Chicago and New Albany.

[illegible]

Burlington and Missouri River R. R.

IOWA, MISSOURI, NEBRASKA AND KANSAS. [illegible]

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY R. R. [illegible]

Going North.

Chicago and Milwaukee Railroad.

PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE STATION, [illegible]

Chicago, St. Paul & Fond du Lac R'd

[illegible]

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, AUGUST 3, [illegible]

7.00 A. M. EXPRESS, FREIGHT AND EMIGRANT [illegible]

9.00 A. M. [illegible]

3.00 P. M. NIGHT EXPRESS [illegible]

SPLENDID STOCK OF FRENCH TICK [illegible] FENTON, FISHER & CO.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES—FOR sale by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO.

500 BOXES STAR CANDLES. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

500 BBLS. GROCERS' EXTRA SYRUP [illegible] REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

FLESH BRUSHES AND STRAPS. J. H. REED & CO'S.

Insurance.

THE MUTUAL

Life Insurance Company,

OF NEW YORK CITY.

Cash Capital Accumulated & Security Invested FOR THE BENEFIT OF POLICY HOLDERS

$4,250,000.

R. P. MASON, Agent, 160 South Water street.

JNO. B. ACKLEY & CO.,

LIFE, FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE AGENCY,

Office No. 4 Masonic Temple,

CHICAGO.....ILLINOIS.

REFERENCES.

[illegible]

CONNECTICUT

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital.....[illegible]

JAMES GOODWIN, President. | GUY R. PHELPS, Secretary.

Jno. B. Ackley, Agent,

Office No. 4 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

FARMERS' UNION INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Cash Capital.....$200,000

SAFELY INVESTED.

Surplus.....$37,000

J. E. CANFIELD, Secretary. | C. N. SHIPMAN, President.

The Company having complied with the Insurance Law of Illinois, takes Risks on Dwellings, Furniture, Buildings, Goods, Produce, and all kinds of insurable Property in Chicago and vicinity.

J. B. ACKLEY, Agent, Office No. 4 Masonic Temple.

FARMERS' & MECHANICS' INSURANCE CO.,

OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.

(Fire and Marine.)

Capital.....[illegible]

DIRECTORS:

[illegible]

HON. THOS. B. FLORENCE, President.

This Company has complied with the Illinois Insurance Law.

Risks taken on Hulls, Cargoes, and Merchandise generally, and Losses paid by E. P. WARD, Agent, Office in Dole's New Building (up stairs), Cor. Clark & S. Water sts.

THE GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,

CHICAGO, ILL.

[illegible]

DIRECTORS.

[illegible]

OFFICERS.

[illegible]

HOWARD FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO.

OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Capital.....[illegible]

Surplus Capital.....$85,701 37

Aggregate Capital (including surplus) December 31st, 1856,

$685,701.37.

[illegible]

NEW YORK FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.

FIRE RISKS TAKEN AT CURRENT RATES. None but RESPONSIBLE COMPANIES [illegible]

HOWARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, [illegible]

MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, [illegible]

INDEMNITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, [illegible]

ARCTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, [illegible]

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

Life Insurance Company,

ONE OF THE OLDEST AND SAFEST Companies in the country, [illegible]

Nett Surplus Capital of $2,600,000.

INSURANCE OF LIVES.

[illegible]

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....$10,000,000.

[illegible]

Howe, Eckley & Co.,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

[illegible]

Chicago, Oct. 19th, 1857.

Reduced Rates.

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO [illegible]

FROM CHICAGO TO [illegible]

JAMES W. MUSSON, Freight Agent.

Notice.

TO DEALERS IN LUMBER, TIMBER, WOOD, STONE AND COAL.—[illegible]

100,000 Seamless Bags.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, AGENTS FOR THE Lewiston Bag Manufacturing Company [illegible]

Fish! Fish!!

WE ARE OFFERING NO. 1, 2 AND 3 WHITEFISH and TROUT, [illegible] HALL & THOMAS.

PURE WINES!

PORT, MADEIRA, SHERRY, ETC.,

Of superior quality for medicinal use, for sale by J. H. REED & CO.

100 MEN CAN FIND PROFITABLE employment [illegible] RUFUS BLANCHARD, [illegible]

INDIA RUBBER CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, at manufactory prices, [illegible]

50 GROSS LYON'S KATHAIRON FOR sale by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO.

50 BBLS ALCOHOL. SARGENT & ILSLEY.

5000 GALLS. ENGLISH LINSEED [illegible]

1500 BOXES VERY CHOICE STEARINE CANDLES, [illegible]

BATH TUBS—MANUFACTURED TO order and for sale by HAMILTON, BROOKS & CO.

CHAINS—40 CASKS COIL & BRIGHT [illegible] WILLIAM BLAIR & CO., 176 Lake st.

Wood & Coal.

WOOD! WOOD!!

BEST QUALITY

Seasoned Beech and Maple Wood,

At $5 per Cord.

Also, Choice Screened Erie and Briar Hill Coal,

[illegible]

HALE & CO.,

North Wells St., near Bridge.

Sheffield Coal.

DAILY ARRIVAL OF 100 TONS.—THIS Coal [illegible]

Coal and Wood.

BRIAR HILL, ERIE, LACKAWANA COALS, [illegible]

South Side Wood and Coal Yard,

214 CLARK ST., CORNER ADAMS.

ISAAC COALE, Agent.

BENJAMIN ACKLEY,

DEALER IN COAL AND WOOD,

West Water Street,

BETWEEN RANDOLPH AND WASHINGTON STS.

[Office on the Dock.]

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING EXPENDED over FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS [illegible]

Screened and Dry Coal,

[illegible]

LEHIGH, LACKAWANA, G. RIDGE, AND SHAMOKIN.

Of the Soft, or Bituminous Coals, he has

BRIAR HILL, ERIE, CHIPPEWA, AND NEWCASTLE.

[illegible]

Wood of all kinds

Constantly on hand, either LONG, or SAWED and SPLIT [illegible]

B. ACKLEY.

Hardware, Machinery &c.

Excelsior Iron Works,

MASON, McARTHUR & CO,

All Kinds of Steam Boilers,

GASOMETERS, WROUGHT IRON, AND HOUSE WORK, [illegible]

P. W. Gates, Warner, Chalmers & Fraser,

MANUFACTURERS OF RAILROAD CARS, Portable and Stationary

Steam Engines and Boilers,

[illegible]

EAGLE WORKS, CHICAGO, ILL.

THOMAS GEORGE & CO.,

AT THEIR OLD STAND

201 LAKE STREET.

All Kinds of Tinware, Sheet Iron And Copper Ware,

STOVES, FURNACES, COOKING RANGES,

[illegible]

ROUGH AND FINISHED BRASS WORK

[illegible]

Tinner's Machines and Tools,

ALL AT LOW PRICES.

American Genius Triumphant!

ATWATER'S

$15 *Sewing Machine,*

AWARDED THE FIRST PREMIUM at the New York State Fair, [illegible]

[illegible]

CHICAGO STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS

Office, 223 Lake Street.

Walworth, Hubbard & Co.

GIVE THEIR EXCLUSIVE ATTENTION [illegible]

[illegible]

IRON STEAM PIPE

[illegible]

ASHCROFT'S STEAM GUAGES.

FRESH LOBSTERS FROM THE SEA SHORE [illegible]

FINE FRENCH POMADES & HAIR OILS [illegible] J. H. REED & CO.

BURNING FLUID, CAMPHENE, ALCOHOL, [illegible]

100 DOZ LADIES' PATENT [illegible]

GLYCERINE AND HONEY SOAP [illegible]